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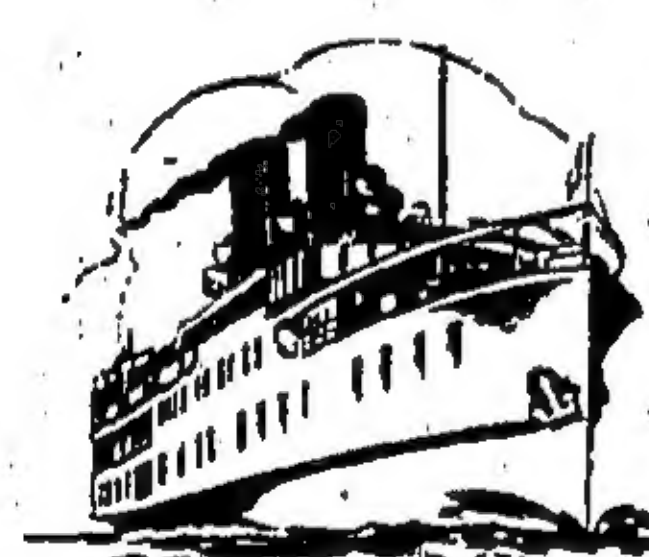
MACAO LINE

From Hong Kong	From Macao
Week day 8.00 a.m. Kinsan	8.00 p.m. Kinsan
Week day 1.30 p.m. Su Tai	3.00 a.m. Su Tai
Saturday 8.30 a.m. Su Tai	3.00 a.m. Su Tai
Saturday 1.30 p.m. Kinsan	3.00 p.m. No Sailing
SUNDAY 9.30 a.m. Kinsan	3.00 a.m. Kinsan

EXCURSION.

RACE MEETING EXCURSION TO MACAO
SUNDAY, 29th November, 1936.
S.S. "KINSEAN"
will leave Hong Kong at 9.30 A.M.
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KIRIN BEER

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WHEN GOOD COMPANIONS MEET.

SOLE AGENTS:
H. HONDA & CO.
TSL. 20720. 40, JOHNSON ROAD HONG KONG.

DYSENTERY SCOURGE SOURCE CAN NEVER BE PROVED

GREATER PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES CONTEMPLATED IN FUTURE GOVERNOR OUTLINES POLICY MEDICAL DIRECTOR'S REPORT—AT LAST!

A statement by His Excellency the Governor; a report by the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services and answers to questions asked by two doctor-members of the Urban Council, can all be epitomized in one sentence—the cause of the dysentery scourge cannot be ascertained, but greater precautionary measures will be enforced in the future.

We have received eleven more letters on this subject, but in view of the statements at the meetings yesterday of the Legislative Council and the Urban Council we have decided not to publish them. However, one other letter dealing with conditions at the Central Market is published to-day because it raises another point concerning public health.

We express our appreciation to our many correspondents for supporting our policy, particularly in view of the fact that the vital importance of this dysentery scourge was practically ignored in other sections of the local Press.

"SORROW AND CONSTERNATION"

H.E. the Governor, addressing the Council, said:—

I have caused to be laid on this table a report by the Director of Medical Services on an epidemic of dysentery caused by the shiga bacillus.

That epidemic has resulted, as we all know to our sorrow and consternation, in the deaths of eight little children; and our sympathy with the parents who have suffered this inconsolable loss is deeper than any words of mine can express.

PETITION BY BEREAVED PARENTS

A number of the bereaved have sent me a request, which has been published in the Press, for the appointment of a Commission of Inquiry with the object of ascertaining the answer to four questions. It is because I feel myself in a position to answer those four questions as well as could any Commission of Inquiry, and without the inherent delay, that I have decided to make a statement supplementary to the report of the Director of Medical Services.

"SOURCE CAN NEVER BE PROVED"

The first of the questions is "What was the source of the infection?" In as much as the food and drink consumed by the patients prior to their illness was not analysed, and was not subsequently available for analysis, the source can never be proved. Those who are conversant with the limitations of inductive logic and with scientific method will recognize that from obtainable data there can emerge nothing more than reasonable inference.

CAUSE OF INFECTION BY INFERENCE

From the data on which the Director of Medical Services has based paragraph 14 of his report I have inferred, exercising my reason to the best of my care and conscience, that the main immediate source of infection lay in milk (probably in a single batch of milk) supplied from the farm depot of the Dairy Farm, Ice and Cold Storage Co., Ltd.

METHOD OF INVESTIGATION

What may have infected the milk seems to me a problem incapable of solution by a Commission of Inquiry: it requires rather active professional and technical investigation; and this is already being prosecuted along three main lines: (a) search for a human carrier of the disease among those who handle the milk; (b) search for possible contamination by water; and (c) search for possible opportunities for contamination by flies.

MILK NOT PASTEURIZED

The second question is "whether the Dairy Farm Company's 'Nursery Milk' was pasteurized prior to the epidemic." The answer is

in the negative. Since the 15th November, however, the Company has pasteurized all its deliveries.

DYSENTERY NOT NOTIFIABLE

The third question is "whether any or all of the deaths could have been prevented had the authorities taken immediate precautions when the epidemic was first notified on or about the 7th November, 1936." The answer is again in the negative.

The epidemic was not in fact notified, because dysentery is not a notifiable disease; but even if it had been, such notification could not have prevented fatalities which have been confined to children who were taken ill on the 8th November and to one connected case.

FUTURE PREVENTATIVE MEASURES NOT DECIDED

The fourth and last question is as to "whether any action is contemplated by Government to prevent a recurrence of this or any other type of epidemic." I am not prepared at this juncture to state that any particular measure is contemplated, for that would imply that a decision has already been taken.

I do state, however, that certain measures are under consideration and will form the subject of early reference to my Executive Council. One is the compulsory pasteurization of milk. I am aware that there is some medical opinion against it, and the pros and cons will need to be carefully weighed; and they will be carefully weighed. In the mean time the only pasteurization plant known to me in this Colony, that of the Dairy Farm Company, is, as I have already stated, being applied to all their deliveries.

Another measure under my consideration is for the statutory notification of dysentery. Arguments against it emerge from the Report now on the table; nevertheless the question must be thrashed out before a definite conclusion is reached.

FUTURE POLICY

Thirdly, I am determined to prosecute any line of precaution, compatible with common sense and with our financial resources, which may be indicated by the results of the threefold investigation which I have already adumbrated, and which may be summed up in the three words: carriers, water and flies.

"A FEW WORDS OF CAUTION"

In conclusion I feel it my duty to utter a few words of caution. Public analysis of all food and drink is impossible; it can only be an analysis of samples; and, whatever the method and frequency of selection employed, the samples can never be representative of the whole supply.

Secondly the results of analysis, and still more of bacteriological examination, do not come to hand until after the substances of which samples are analysed and examined, have been consumed.

Thirdly however comprehensive and drastic sanitary regulations may be, and however great the vigilance of the Sanitary Authority, there will always be those who break the regulations and go undiscovered. When there is discovery it may often be after harm has been done. Local methods of agriculture are known; the conditions obtaining in our now happily doomed Central Market are known.

OFFICIALS COMMENDED

From personal inspection and collaboration I am satisfied that our Medical and Sanitary Service is an efficient machine manned by an able and untiring crew. But however great their efficiency and perseverance, and however many statutory or other implements and equipment we may add to their armoury, honesty compels me to confess that I cannot foresee the day when the principle of " caveat emptor " can be safely abrogated in its application to the purchaser of commodities in this Colony.

STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF DAIRY FARM COMPANY

Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Dairy Farm, Ice and Cold Storage Co., Ltd., said:—

As Chairman of the largest milk distributing Company in the Colony this matter is of such grave concern to my Board and myself that I trust your Excellency will permit me to say a few words.

The Dairy Farm has always taken the most rigorous precautions to ensure cleanliness and prevent contamination of any kind, and their record in this respect over a period of more than 34 years has, I feel, been such as to entitle it to a fair hearing before blame is attached for the recent epidemic.

I am given to understand that the investigation made by the Government disclosed that in some of the cases of dysentery reported, the milk came from other sources than that of the Dairy Farm. Am I in order Sir, in enquiring whether this is a fact?

Just as the Dairy Farm has always welcomed inspection by the public of the farm and the dairy, we now court the fullest enquiry and are prepared to co-operate with the Government in every possible way in whatever steps may be found necessary and desirable in the public interest.

GOVERNOR'S ASSURANCE

His Excellency the Governor thanked the Dairy Farm Company for their co-operation and said he was quite certain that the fullest enquiry would be made.

"I may say," said Sir Andrew, "that I sympathize with the Dairy Farm in that I believe that they have throughout done their best to ensure that the milk supply was without infection and without blame."

"The answer to your particular question will be found in the report of the Director of Medical Services which has been laid before this Council," concluded His Excellency.

Hon. Dr. A. R. Wellington (Director of Medical Services): There were some fifty cases of dysentery and some of the cases were traced to milk. It does not mean to say that the fifty cases got their infection from milk; it is only that milk seemed to be the medium of infection or the common medium of infection in the majority of cases. Many people drink Dairy Farm milk and have not got dysentery.

DR. WELLINGTON'S REPORT

The following report on an epidemic of Dysentery caused by the shiga bacillus prepared by the Hon. Dr. Wellington was tabled at the Legislative Council yesterday:

As defined by Manson-Bahr "the term dysentery is merely a designation embracing a symptom complex but not indicating some particular disease of distinct etiology." In other words "dysentery" is the passage of blood and mucus from the rectum which symptom may be due to a number of factors causing irritation and inflammation of the large bowel.

The principal forms of dysentery caused by parasites are:—

- (1) Bacterial—causing Bacillary dysentery and due to the Flexner bacillus, or the shiga bacillus.
- (2) Protozoal—causing amoebic dysentery and due to the Entamoeba histolytica.
- (3) Helminthic—caused by several varieties of bilharzia.

ENDEMIC IN HONG KONG

Both bacillary and amoebic dysenteries are endemic in Hong Kong. Not being notifiable the total number of cases diagnosed clinically is unknown but from the returns of the Government Hospitals and the Bacteriological Institute some indication of the extent prevalent can be obtained. From the returns issued by the Institute it will be seen that more than three fourths of the cases diagnosed clinically as dysentery were due neither to dysenteric bacilli nor to amoebae.

In 1935 specimens from 702 cases diagnosed clinically as "dysentery" were sent to the Bacteriological Institute for examination. Of these 152 or 21.65 per cent. proved to be bacillary dysentery and 10 or 2.70 per cent. amoebic dysentery. 531 or 75.6 per cent. were negative for either the dysenteric bacilli or the amoeba. Of bacillary cases 77.8 per cent. were Flexner type, 16.42 per cent. Shiga type and 5.77 per cent. shiga type.

(Continued on Back Page.)

CONVICTED ON DRUNKEN DRIVING

Two Chinese Struck
Down At Gap Road

FINE AND COMPENSATION

Appearing before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy yesterday, only one charge of driving an automobile while intoxicated was preferred against E. P. Humphreys, of Malcolm and Company. Traffic Inspector Saunders withdrew the other charge of failing to drive with due care and caution.

Defendant was represented by Mr. D. B. Evans, of Johnson, Stokes and Masters.

Outlining the case, Insp. Saunders said that defendant had passed the traffic test at the bottom of Stubbs Road, and going along Gap Road, he struck down two Chinese, Chan Luk, 51, Yui Tak, 40.

(Continued on Page 7)

DUKE OF NORFOLK ENGAGED

London, Nov. 24.
The engagement is announced of one of England's most eligible bachelors, the Duke of Norfolk, to the Honourable Lavinia, Strutt, daughter of Lord Belper.

MANILA GOLD SHARES

Local Dealings
Buyers
Venz. Goldmines, \$8.
Sales
Consolidated Mines, 54 cts.
Demonstrations, \$1.41.
San Maurice, \$4.35.

THE DOLLAR

T.T. ON LONDON.
Is. 2.27/32d.

T.T. ON NEW YORK.
30.3/16.

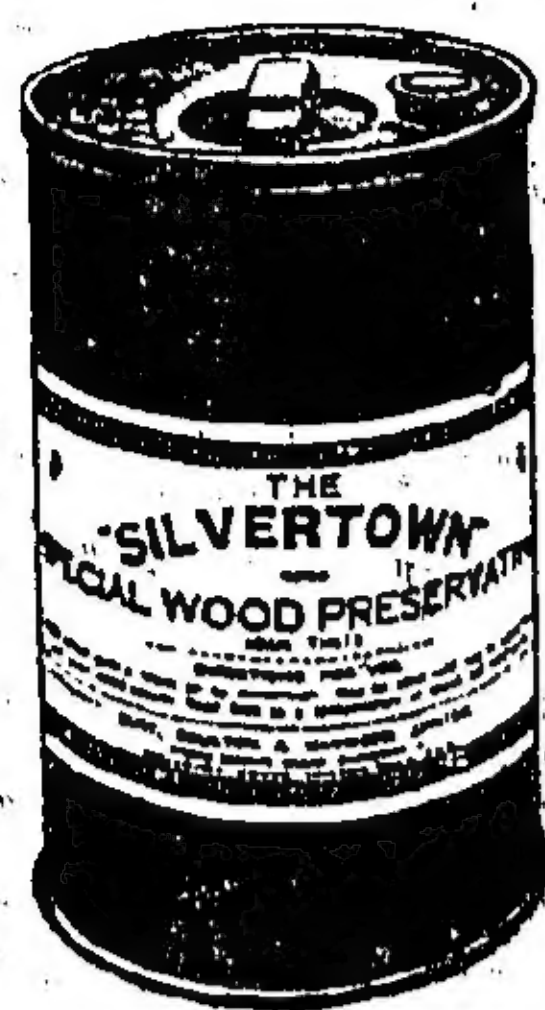
LONDON SILVER MARKET

(From Our Own Correspondent)
London, Nov. 24.
London silver prices to-day were about 3/16 as follows:—
Nov. 23 Nov. 24
Spot 21-1/8 20-15/16
Forward 21-1/8 20-15/16

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Silvertown
RICE



Wood Preservative

Guards against
White Ants,
Dry Rot,
etc.

PENTREATH & CO.

Alexandra Building.

FASHION FLASH-COACHMAN COAT AND HAT

Ernst Dryden, Columbia Studios designer, has created a particularly attractive coat for Irene Dunne's use in her forthcoming Columbia picture, "Theodora Goes Wild," in which she appears opposite Melvyn Douglas.

The novel costume, is a coachman's coat of white lamb and boasts an all-black crepe lining. The black buttons worn in double-breasted style, peek through button holes outlined in red wool yarn.

With the coat Miss Dunne wears a black felt coachman's hat which features a crown six inches high.

WEST END HOTEL BOOKED OUT

Rush For Rooms

CORONATION CEREMONY

The decision to form a clearing-house for accommodation is the latest effort to cope with the bookings and inquiries for bookings at London hotels during the Coronation, states a Home paper. American and Dominion visitors have already been unable to find rooms in West End hotels, and the Travel Association says that it has received despairing requests for help from foreign tourist agencies. As early as July inquiries for hotel accommodation were being made as far away as Brighton, and three weeks ago the Hotels Association asked hotel-keepers and boarding-house owners within a hundred miles of London as to their available accommodation. Several thousand answers have been received.

A clearing-house does, therefore, seem to be essential, and the one proposed, which will be formed by a committee from the Hotels Association, the Travel Association, and other such bodies, will be fully occupied. This committee will hold its first meeting soon. Some Americans, incidentally, who were unable to find rooms in the large West End hotels have thought the reason might be that British people were being given preference. I am told that this is not so, but that these hotels have to be prepared to accommodate an as yet unspecified number of official guests, besides their regular clients. This explains, too, why inquiries are now

PASSENGERS

M.S. "TJINEGARA"

The following is a list of passengers who sailed on the m/s "Tjinegara," yesterday for Dutch East Indies:

Mrs. G. Manlove and two children, Mrs. B. E. Rokes, Mrs. J. E. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. Sales, Mr. F. Guzman, Mrs. W. F. Brown, Master Brown, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Duley, Mr. W. C. Church, Mr. C. W. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Kemsley, Mrs. K. C. Jobe, Mrs. G. Seal, Mrs. F. C. Burlingame, Miss Burlingame, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Weller, Miss E. M. Goodman, Miss Scott, Mr. and Mrs. E. Rawson, Miss Mae Howard, Mrs. George Barlow, Mrs. E. Hartter, Miss M. Hartter, Mr. E. S. Abraham, Mrs. G. Fitzgerald, Mrs. B. T. West, Miss H. Bresse, Mrs. S. G. Langher, Mr. and Mrs. Saltontall, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Olson, Miss Grace Wade, Mrs. M. Maier de Riet, Mr. L. W. G. de Roo de la Falhe, Mr. E. H. W. van Stappershoef, Mr. W. N. Ballment.

AIR PASSENGERS

The R. M. A. Dorado arrived at Kai Tak at 11.25 o'clock yesterday morning with a single passenger, Mr. F. M. S. Tegner, of Penang. Freight and mail carried by the plane amounted to 4,500 and 187.222 kilos respectively.

Passengers arriving in Hong Kong at 1.45 p.m. yesterday by the C. N. A. C. Douglas-Dolphin plane, from Shanghai, were: Mr. Cheek Fung-wan, and Mr. W. L. Bond, Director of the China National Aviation Company.

being made for these hotels as to suitable West End flats and private houses which might be let during the Coronation.

BRAVERY AWARD

Russian Guard To Be Recipient

S. P. DOMETZ

At the Police Force inspection by H.E. the Governor, Sir Andrew Caldecott, on Friday afternoon, the Hon. Testimonial on Vellum of the Royal Humane Life Saving Society, will be presented to P. C. E23, S. P. Dometz, of the Russian Guards, attached to the Hong Police Force.

The award is being made as a sequel to the daring rescue by Dometz of a Chinese woman from drowning in shark infested waters in Singapore harbour.

On the evening of March 17 the Butterfield and Swire m.v. Anhai, aboard which Dometz was on anti-piracy duty, was at anchor in the quarantine anchorage, Singapore, when a Chinese woman, Ng Yee-shih, 44, accidentally fell overboard on the starboard side.

An alarm was raised and a life-buoy was cast into the water, but the woman failed to get near it. In spite of the fact that Singapore harbour is shark infested and seeing that the woman was in danger of losing her life, Dometz dived in and went to her aid. He assisted her to the life-buoy and kept her afloat until the ship's boat was able to pick them up.

At the time there was a strong tide running, thus rendering Dometz's task even more difficult.

According to a report published in the Sin Chow Jih Poh (Evening Post) on March 18, "all the passengers who admired his bravery presented the Russian guard with a silver shield."

The incident occurred about 6.55 p.m. The woman was a passenger from Swatow.

THANKS EXPRESSED

The Women's Auxiliary of the Society for the Protection of Children announces that the net proceeds of the recent bridge and mah-jongg drive totalled over \$500. Grateful thanks are expressed to the organisers of and participants in the European and Chinese mannequin parades, to Lane, Crawford & Ltd., "Maize's," the Caravan Shop and the B.A.T. for gifts, to the various ladies who sent candles, and to all others who in any way helped to make the drive such a big success.

Juliana Will Liven Up The Dutch Court

Dutch society women, world-renowned for their homeliness, are visiting the most exclusive dressmakers in London and Paris in preparation for what they hope will be the most brilliant season Holland has known since the war.

Queen Wilhelmina, who succeeded to the throne when only eight years old, retains the habits of a lifetime, and at a recent unveiling of a memorial to her mother she wore the same waist-length fur coat she used at an official function five years ago.

But with the marriage of Princess Juliana to her German Prince "Benito," Dutch society women believe that a new era is at hand. The Princess will entertain widely.

So Dutch countesses and baronesses, who have remained quiet for years in their simple home life, are bringing their wardrobes up to date, polishing up their languages, and preparing to take their places beside the oldest Royal House in Europe.

MODERN PRINCESS

This winter there will be a rush of Dutch women to the winter sports centres, for the Princess loves skating, mountain climbing and skiing more than anything else. At least three leading Dutch fashion houses are making a speciality of winter sports clothes.

And the girl who has found happiness with her Prince, driving with him in a fast car and letting the wind rush through her blonde hair, intends to take her place as a young married woman and set the pace at a lively and modern Court.

For years the paint has been peeling off the walls of our house, and the stairs have creaked because we had no grand parties to entertain," a Dutch countess said recently. "We are repainting the whole place and getting ready for the society our modern Princess will bring us."

TRIBUTE TO HON. MR. BELL

Loss To Government And Colony

GOVERNOR'S EULOGY

Addressing members of the Legislative Council at the meeting held yesterday afternoon, H.E. the Governor, Sir Andrew Caldecott, referring to the great loss sustained by the Colony and its Government by the recent departure of retirement of the Hon. Mr. W. H. Bell, said:—

Honourable Members: Before proceeding with our order of business for to-day's session I desire to express and to place on record our sense of the deep loss which this Colony and its Government have sustained in the departure of Mr. W. H. Bell. Although impending retirement dictated his resignation from this Council in July last, Mr. Bell continued to serve on the Executive Council until he left us last month.

It was a great disappointment to him, and to me, that the date of his sailing preceded the recent visit of our distinguished friends from Canton because the achievement and maintenance of friendliest business relations and closest personal touch between Hong Kong and Canton was a matter always very near to his heart.

Nobody can have had an adviser with greater alacrity to help, more common sense to bring to bear on a problem, better humour or more lively and cheerful sense of duty than Government so happily possessed in Mr. Bell. I miss him more than I can say; so I am sure, gentlemen, do you. And so I request your permission to direct the Clerk of Council to send him, with our warmest remembrances and gratitude, a record of our proceedings this afternoon. (Applause).

HON. MR. PATERSON

Hon. Mr. J. J. Paterson: On behalf of the Unofficial Members of this Council I wish to associate myself with Your Excellency's remarks. Mr. Bell had a great capacity for friendship and we are all sorry, selfishly perhaps, that he has gone home. (Applause).

SCOTLAND DRAINED

Of Men And Material

In the past 75 years Scotland has "exported" 1,365,000 Scotsmen as emigrants, to say nothing of tens of thousands to England—an immense drain on the material and financial resources of "this little country," states the "Bulletin."

Scotland must have new industries—either a share in the newer developing industries, such as motor cars, electrical industries, chemicals, artificial silk and aeroplanes, or some of the new consumer industries such as are thriving around London.

These were the chief points in a review of Scotland's present economic position given recently by Dr J. A. Bowie, principal of the Dundee School of Economics, at a meeting of Kirkcaldy Business Club, which was attended by the Central Committee of Scottish business clubs.

"BLOOD TRANSFUSIONS"

Probably no "country" in the world, he said, had so consistently sent its men and goods to the four corners of the world as had Scotland. For its main products, such as ships, coal and steel, it had collected a price—but for its man power Scotland got no price. Since 1881 this little country had sent abroad 1,365,000 Scots as emigrants.

"The breeding, feeding, and educating of 1,500,000 of its best blood destined for export must have constituted an immense drain on the material and financial resources of the nation. The present position of Scotland is in no small measure due to these policies."

"Blood transfusions" was Dr Bowie's description of increased shipbuilding activity on the Clyde and the building boom.

SHRUNKEN TRADES

Even with the recent, largely artificial and therefore temporary, improvement in shipbuilding, only half the shipbuilding berths on the Clyde left after rationalisation, are now occupied. The building boom has provided another temporary respite.

"As labour-absorbing activities our export trades have shrunk, the jute industry in Dundee has

CORROSIVE ACID CASE

Woman Discharged At Sessions

SUCCESSFUL PLEA OF SELF-DEFENCE

Brought before the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl Macgregor, at the Supreme Court yesterday afternoon, on a charge of throwing corrosive fluid into the face of her husband, Mok Klu, a woman, was found not guilty and discharged. They accepted her plea that she did it in self-defence.

Mr. E. H. Williams, Assistant Attorney General, conducted the case for the Crown.

The following jury was empanelled: Messrs. W. J. Morris (foreman), F. Grose, J. Ackler, Chan Hing-ming, Shiu Limber, Lindars and E. M. G. Hamlin.

CASE OUTLINED

In his opening statement, Mr. Williams said that the defendant and the complainant had lived together for six years quite happily. On October 3 the complainant had missed some money from his box.

Returning home three days later after being absent the previous night, he asked the defendant for the money which she had taken. The defendant said she would not give it to him, with the result that the complainant pushed the defendant and she fell on the bed. The defendant then asked the complainant if he was going to hit her again, to which he replied in the affirmative and aimed at her. The defendant then dropped her hand on to the table which was next to the bed and picked up a syringe which she had for the purpose and squirted the liquid into the complainant's face.

FELT EYES BURNING
The complainant felt his eyes burning and shouted to his younger brother who came to his aid. The complainant then went and washed his eyes. Between the complainant and the brother they tried to search the defendant for the money which was missing.

The defendant was then pushed out of the house, and complainant blew the police whistle. When Detective Sergeant C. Downman, accompanied by a Chinese detective arrived on the scene she told them what had occurred. She was then taken away to the station.

Later Det. Serg. Downman returned to the house with the defendant where he found a glass pot containing hydrochloric acid and a syringe.

"IN SELF-DEFENCE"
In her defence, the defendant said that she was charged for throwing acid at the complainant on purpose. This was not true. The complainant had pushed her and had further intention of striking her, so she had to do something to protect herself. The only thing that her hand dropped on was the syringe, and this she used in the hope of frightening the complainant. If she had really intended to do harm, she would have done it thoroughly and then run away.

Mr. Williams: Why did you not run away at first?—I could not as the complainant was very angry and he blocked the doorway.

Why did you squirt at the eye?—That was the most unfortunate part.

His Lordship: Did you not aim at the eye?—No, my Lord. That was not so. If I tried to do the same thing again, with my nerves steady, I could not do so!

The jury returned a verdict of not guilty and defendant was discharged.

In 1931 some 34,831 insured workers over 16, in 1935 that number had shrunk to 26,589—8,000 workers had been extruded from the industry.

"But in 1935, of the shrunken total of 26,589, some 6,862 were unemployed, so that fewer than 20,000 were in employment. This represents an enormous shrinkage, and the end is not yet. It can be paralleled in varying degree in every one of Scotland's major industries."

"Truly we were a country in eclipse. Was it the way of Scotsmen to take these things lying down?"

Then there was the Highlands. In the past they bred a fine race of men who made their mark wherever Scotland carried them. To-day they were a dwindling, poverty-ridden stock, cast adrift from their ancient means of livelihood, their numbers dropping off like leaves in the autumn.

"Are we content to sit idly by, and watch the decay of our kind men's ruin?"

Feeling Tired?



You can feel fit again—and so easily too!

Listlessness and fatigue, in nine cases out of ten, are caused by nervous trouble, and when you take Sanatogen you drink in pure strength.

Heat, worry or overwork — these are just some of the many reasons why you are suffering from over-strained nerves. Unless you find extra strength to withstand the strain, loss of youth and health is bound to be the result.

Sanatogen was made to strengthen the nerves, to revitalize tired, run-down people. To thousands, the use of Sanatogen has meant a new lease of life.

Here is the opinion of a lady, who suffered for years:—

"It is years, since I felt so well and happy. I was full of pain and depression through indigestion and nervousness, but now, through Sanatogen, the world and all that is in it, is brighter and more cheerful."

— writes Miss G. H.

Think of how much better life would be if you could once more enjoy that priceless feeling of youthful health, and if you were again full of energy and cheerfulness. And such health is really within easy reach. You need not go to a lot of trouble. Simply start taking Sanatogen three times a day and you will soon pick up.

You will notice how quickly Sanatogen satisfies the starved nervous system, how it conquers that run-down feeling. You will feel better and you will look better. You will feel a new woman, full of youthful vitality, and your friends will tell you "How well you look."

SANATOGEN
The True Tonic Food
Of all Chemists

ENSIGN AUTO-RANGE CAMERA

Focuses the image absolutely sharply and automatically. It is provided with a RAN-E-FINDER coupled with the lens focusing mechanism, and operated from the usual radial focusing lever.

Ask for a demonstration.
A. TACK & CO.
29, Des Voeux Road, Central.

YOU
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By T'ANG LEANG-LI

A survey of Chinese Currency and Banking System in Historical perspective and of the reactions of the World Slump upon Chinese Trade, Industry, and Finance, from the beginning of the depression to the Establishment of State Control of Silver—with Statistical tables relating to movements of Gold, Silver and Prices in General.

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MAGIC

IMPRESSIONS OF SOVIET RUSSIA

Illuminating Address
At Rotary Tiffin

REV. C. B. R. SARGENT

The Rev. C. B. R. Sargent, headmaster of the Diocesan Boys' School, gave a most illuminating address to members of the Rotary Club of Hong Kong at their weekly tiffin held in the H.K. Hotel yesterday. The subject of his talk was his impressions of the Union of Soviet Republics which the speaker cleverly injected with well-timed humour.

After the tiffin the following guests were introduced:—Surgeon-Lt. Davenport, Mr. A. S. Gubbay, Mr. Donald Andersen, Mr. W. Macf., Dr. Y. S. Wen, and Major F. N. Bramell.

Introduced by the President, Mr. W. N. Thomas Tam, the Rev. Mr. Sargent stated that he was speaking with no authority at all but simply as a tourist who has been through Russia. He was speaking with a certain amount of trepidation because in England when he started to talk on Communism some people would leave the room.

THRILLING EXPERIENCE

The speaker pointed out that it was a thrilling experience to near the Russian border especially after the journey through Poland which was terribly desolate. Perhaps except for Warsaw, there was not a single decent house in the country that was not a hovel.

The service in Russia, the speaker continued, was very efficient. The countryside was similar to that in Poland but it was different in the way it was treated.

In more ways it was a bad time now to visit Moscow as it was at present in a state of transition. The city has adopted an eight-year plan which involves its complete reconstruction, and even the river was having its course widened.

INTERESTING NEW PLANS

The plans of the new city were very interesting and it was being laid out in zones, having the Kremlin as its central point. Special attention was being paid to residential areas in the new city, while factories and warehouses will be situated right outside the main city.

The speaker pointed out that most of the present buildings are falling down in dilapidation or are being demolished to give way to the new ones. However, the entire system of roads was being altered, including the building of a main railway station from which all other sub-stations will radiate. Goods train will not pass through the city itself.

"PALACE OF THE SOVIETS"

The programme of re-building Moscow includes the erection of the Palace of the Soviets which will be higher than the Empire State Building in the United States.

It is to be some 1,500 feet high and will be surmounted by a statue of Lenin 65 feet in height. However, the speaker doubted on the success of this construction as the Russians have never before attempted skyscraper buildings.

Speaking of the roads, the Rev. Mr. Sargent pointed out that they were now in a very bad condition but the programme called for making them beautiful by a system of avenues copied from Vienna and Berlin. However, when the new city is finished the roads will be beautiful.

The speaker stated that he was, however, impressed with the Moscow airport which appeared very favourably with those in the United States and other parts of Europe. The Moscow airport was equipped with all the up-to-date instruments.

LENIN'S TOMB

Lenin's Tomb was worth a visit and the visitor could see a daily pilgrimage paid to it by the people in the country. However, the speaker considered that the spirit displayed at the tomb was not very reverent.

After dealing with the various aspects of the place, the Rev. Mr. Sargent stated that all he heard about the Russians being in a constant state of fear were belied by what he himself saw in the country. There was a lot of freedom which he opined would not be allowed the ordinary traveller in Germany and Italy and the people spoke rather freely of any subjects without any fear of Government reprisals.

SOLID BEHIND GOVERNMENT

"The people are solid behind the Government and are especially en-

HELENA MAY CONCERT

Well Rendered
Programme

A HUGE SUCCESS

What was probably one of the finest musical concerts that can be accredited to the Helena May Institute, was offered last night by Miss Marina Barretto and Mr. Harry Ore. Charming Soprano solos by Mrs. R. Sanger, well executed movements on the violin by Mr. H. Eveille, both accompanied by Mrs. H. Eveille, contributed greatly to the success of the evening.

Harry Ore is a well-known pianist, but this was only the second appearance of Miss Barretto before the public. She was well received. That this re-appearance had been long waited for was attested to by the enthusiastic applause of the large audience.

Miss Barretto and Harry Ore, much to our gratification, played Danse Macabre—(Saint-Saens), with which they received so great an acclaim when they appeared first some months ago in a recital by Harry Ore's pupils.

It is understood that Miss Barretto and Harry Ore intend to give a concert in Canton within the near future.

PROGRAMME

- Duetto Concertante in Mozart's Style Busoni
Pianos: Miss Barretto and H. Ore.
- (a) Intermezzo Brahms
(b) Second Latvian Rhapsody H. Ore
Piano Solo: Harry Ore.
- (a) Serenade Mascagni
(b) A Little Bird Puccini
(c) Homing Theresa del Riego
Soprano Solo: Mrs. R. Sanger.
- Danse Macabre Saint-Saens
Pianos: Miss Barretto and H. Ore.
- Romance with Variations, Op. 51 Grieg
Pianos: Miss Barretto and H. Ore.
- (a) Etude Scriabin
(b) Canzonetta H. Ore.
(c) Perpetuum Mobile Ries
Violin Solo: Mr. H. Eveille.
- (a) Prelude Debussy
(b) Concert Study Liszt
Piano Solo: Marina Barretto.
- Suite, Op. 15 (Romance, Valse, Polonaise) Arensky
Pianos: Miss Barretto and H. Ore.
Accompanist: Mrs. H. Eveille.

PRETTY LOCAL WEDDING

KEMSLEY-BEEVER

Early yesterday morning, St. John's Cathedral was the scene of a pretty wedding when Miss Marjorie Beever, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Beever, of Green Road, Fenary Bridge, Huddersfield, became the bride of Mr. John Alan Kemsley, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Kemsley, Thrifts Hill, Theydon Bois, Essex.

The Rev. H. W. Baines officiated, whilst appropriate music was rendered on the organ by Mr. Lindsay Lafford.

The bride was given away in marriage by her uncle, Mr. A. Brearley, Manager of the Charter Bank. She looked charming in a powder blue morocain ensemble with navy blue accessories and carried a shower bouquet of pink roses.

Miss Joan Brearley who was the bridesmaid, was dressed in a salmon pink gown with navy blue accessories and carried African daisies.

Mr. A. H. R. Butcher undertook the duties of best man.

At the conclusion of the wedding ceremony, a reception was held at Charter House, 17, Peak Road.

The honeymoon is being spent at Baguio, P.I. The bride's going-away ensemble consisted of a green two piece costume trimmed with fur worn with a brown hat, shoes, bag and gloves.

Enthusiastic about it, the speaker stated that it was reasonable that we show a little more interest and sympathy for the Russians. It was not fair to judge it by their faults.

"They are driving for a tremendous object and are deserving of our attention."

The speaker was thanked by Mr. P. S. Cassidy on behalf of the Club and its members.

AUCTION OF DRESSES, ETC.

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Wednesday, the 25th November, 1936

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and Coats, Evening Gowns
Hats and Millinery Accessories

ALSO

Hand Bags, Ornaments, Trimmings, Flowers,
Dress Jewellery, etc., etc.

(Stock Re-organization Sale)

On VIEW from TUESDAY, the 24th NOVEMBER, 1936

TERMS:—Cash on Delivery.

URBAN COUNCIL MEETING

Routine Matter
Discussed

A meeting of the Urban Council was held yesterday in the Post Office Building, Mr. R. R. Todd, Chairman of the Urban Council, presiding.

APPLICATIONS REFUSED

The following applications for licences were refused:—
Eating House:—17 Kai Yan Road, ground floor.

Food factory:—355 Queen's Road Central, second floor; 15 U Lok Lane, ground floor; addition of 12 Ping Lan Street, ground floor, to 10 Ping Lan Street, ground floor; 1 McGregor Road, ground floor.

Laundry:—79 Hennessy Road, ground floor; 1 Luard Road, ground floor; 21 Lee Tung Street, ground floor; 5 Luard Road, ground floor; 361 Hennessy Road, ground floor; 329 Hennessy Road, ground floor.

LICENCES GRANTED

The list of licences granted by the Urban Council between November 10 and November 23 inclusive was as follows:—Food, Factories, 5; Food Preserving Establishments, 5; Bake Houses, 1; Food Shops, 2; Swine, 8; Eating Houses, 1.

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S.S. RANCHI

Out Of Dock After
Repairs

The P. and O. liner Ranchi which has been in Kowloon Docks undergoing extensive repairs since October 28 was undocked on Monday and is now moored to a buoy outside.

The Ranchi, it will be recalled, limped into Shanghai late on October 20, nine hours overdue as the result of striking a rock when she was passing Button Island, in the mouth of the Yangtze.

According to the "North China Daily News," when the accident occurred the impact could be heard all over the ship, which came to a standstill with one propeller gone. Water began leaking in from the afterpeak, mainly up the propeller shaft, and into the after-hold. The pumps were set to work, and on her opposite rudder, she slowly and almost painfully made her way into port at Shanghai.

Y.M.C.A.

Forthcoming Events

Y.M.C.A. Discussion Group. An open meeting will be held in the West Lounge at 9 p.m., to which ladies are invited. Dr. Reichelt will speak on the "Religious Growth of the Soul." Sunday, November 22.

Y.M.C.A. Service Men's Whist Drive will be held in the West Lounge at 9 p.m., on Monday, November 30.

Y.M.C.A. Ladies' Night on Thursday, November 26. Dinner 4.30 p.m. Concert 9 p.m.

Y.M.C.A. Service Men's Dance on Monday, December 7 at 9 p.m. in the West Lounge.

LAMMERTS AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received Instructions.

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COMMENCING AT 2.30 P.M.

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VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE

Comprising:—

Black Wood Ware, Teak Bed Room & Dining Room Furniture, Drawing Room & Office Furniture, Enamel Wash Basin & Bath, Carpets, Rugs, Pictures, Oil Paintings, Ornaments, Cutlery, Electric Table Lamps, Porcelain & Glass Ware, Gramophones and Records, Brass & E. P. Ware, Ice Chests, Filters, Clocks, Sewing Machines, Typewriters, Cabin and Wardrobe Trunks, Radio Set, etc., etc.

One Pianola and Rolls of Music.
One Triple Extension Camera.
Double Dark slide, Shutter, Focusing Cloth and Ash Tripod in Leather Case.
One "Baby Pathé" Projector and Accessories.

ON VIEW FROM THURSDAY,
THE 26th NOVEMBER, 1936.

TERMS:—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMMERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

ETHNOLOGICAL GROUPS

Karlstad, Nov. 23.
The Congress of the Union of German Ethnological Groups in Europe has been closed here after the representatives of the various ethnological groups had presented their reports on the conditions under which they struggle for the preservation of their nationality.

The reports unanimously came to the conclusion that the creation of a new right of nationality based on the recognition of the national groups as invested with certain well defined rights and duties, constitutes an indispensable condition of peaceful and satisfactory settlement of the problem of nationalities.

Special interest was attached to the report of the position of Germans in Soviet Russia, whose lot is the hardest of all the German ethnological groups.

The leader of the Sudeten Germans, Konrad Henlein declared in his capacity of newly elected president of the Union, that the members of the latter group must intensify the exchange of their experiences.

—Transvaal News Service.

QUEEN'S

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30. TEL. 3453

• SHOWING TO-DAY •



I MARRIED A DOCTOR

PAT O'BRIEN • JOSEPHINE HUTCHINSON
ROSS ALEXANDER • GUY KIBBEE • LOUISE FAZENDA

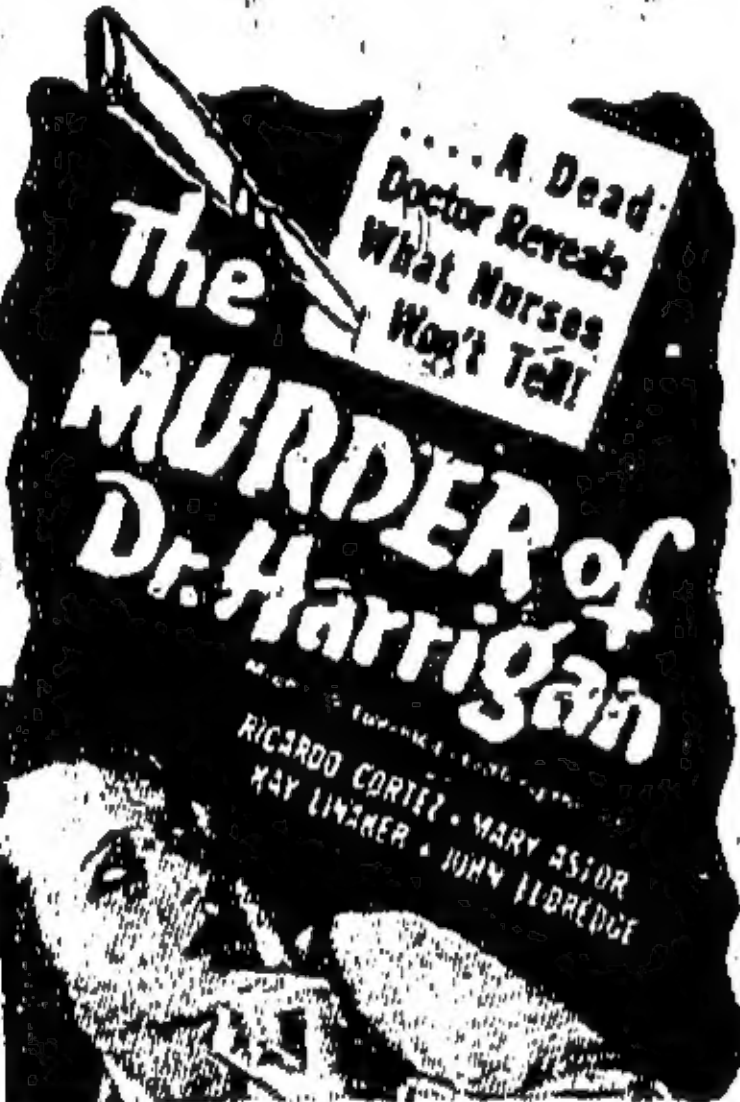
• SATURDAY •
"THE BIG BROADCAST OF 1937"
PARAMOUNT'S SHOW OF SHOWS!

STAR

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20, 9.20
HANKOW ROAD KOWLOON TEL. 57795

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

A Dead Doctor Reveals What Nurses Won't Tell!



THE MURDER OF DR. HARRIGAN

FRIDAY ONE DAY ONLY

GRACE MOORE

IN

"THE KING STEPS OUT"

with FRANCHOT TONE

MAJESTIC

NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON TEL. 57722

• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •
A MISCHIEVOUS LITTLE MISS IN A STORY FILLED WITH LAUGHTER, TEARS AND THRILLS!

SHE TRIES TO BE GOOD

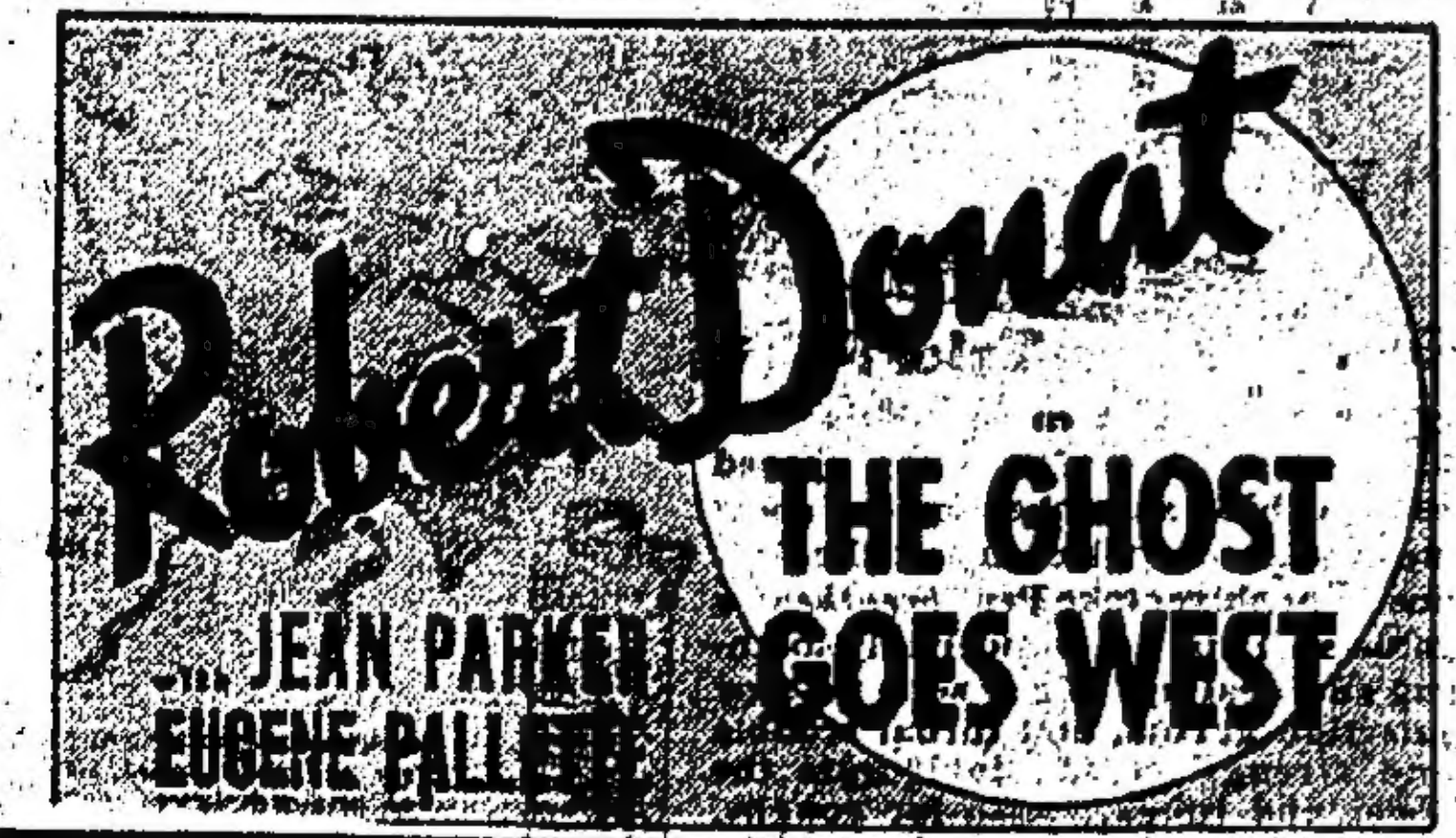


LITTLE MISS NOBODY

JANE WITHERS

• THURSDAY TO SATURDAY •
THE SENSATIONAL STAR OF "MONTE CRISTO" IN THE BEST BRITISH COMEDY OF THE YEAR!

Robert Donat



THE GHOST GOES WEST

JEAN PARKER • EUGENE PALLET

DANCING DISPLAY

Miss Violet Capell informs us that the Gross takings from the Dancing Display given at the

King's Theatre on November 3 last amounted to \$1,137.10. A Draft for \$5 has been forwarded to the London Hospital, and a cheque for \$150 to the Hong Kong Benevolent Society.

TO-DAY AT THE CINEMA

Hong Kong

KING'S:—

"The Man Who Could Work Miracles"

QUEEN'S:—

"I Married A Doctor"

ORIENTAL:—

"Captain Blood"

Kowloon

ALHAMBRA:—

"Two In Revolt"

MAJESTIC:—

"Little Miss Nobody"

STAR:—

"The Murder of Doctor Harrigan"

Coming

KING'S:—

"The Last of The Mohicans"

QUEEN'S:—

"The Big Broadcast of 1937"

ORIENTAL:—

"I Dream Too Much"

ALHAMBRA:—

"The Big Broadcast of 1937"

MAJESTIC:—

"The Ghost Goes West"

STAR:—

"The King Steps Out"

"I MARRIED A DOCTOR"

Once in a generation a book is written that directly effects the thinking habits, and even the lives, of a nation. Sinclair Lewis, the only American ever to win the coveted Nobel Prize for literature, wrote the best selling novel of married love which was adopted into the remarkable motion picture drama "I Married a Doctor," which opens at the Queen's Theatre to-day.

The novel struck telling blows at provincialism or thought and life, at scandal mongering, and at warped and narrow vision. The story is set in a small Minnesota town to which a country doctor has taken his city bred bride to live. The physician's neighbours, particularly the women folk, always suspicious of strangers, are aroused to a high pitch of jealousy and hatred because the city girl's beauty and wit attracts their husbands and sweethearts.

Pat O'Brien, usually seen in a fast talking, wise-cracking role, is cast in a vastly different characterization in this film, that of the slow speaking, good humoured country doctor, and he shows his fine ability as an actor by creating for the character a genuine sympathy and understanding.

Josephine Hutchinson, who plays opposite him, has a most difficult role as the young wife who is utterly impatient with the narrow lives and gossip of her neighbours. She gives the part a fine interpretation, and displays equal artistry in portraying tense emotional scenes and in the lighter moments.

"TWO IN REVOLT"

"Two in Revolt," RKO Radios unique film of a dog and a horse which resolves serious romantic conflict, is the realization of a man's dream, this picture opens to-day at the Alhambra Theatre.

Many years ago Earl Johnson, a well-known Hollywood dog trainer, evolved an idea for a story co-starring a police dog and a stallion. At that time, however, there were no animals in the film capital capable of performing the difficult feats the story called for. In Lightning, the shepherd dog-hero of the picture, Johnson finally found an animal that could play the role, and in Warrior, a pedigreed stallion, he found the horse. The two quadrupeds are currently winning wide-spread attention for their remarkable performances in "Two in Revolt," whose human cast is headed by John Arledge, Louise Latimer and Moroni Olsen. Louise Latimer, young New York stage star, has the featured feminine role in "Two in Revolt," a drama of a strange affection between a horse and a dog which led to a reunion of two estranged lovers.

The unique team is composed of Lightning, a descendant of the silent screen canine favourite, Strongheart, and Warrior, a stallion. The adventures of the two animals, who grow up together on a Montana ranch, furnish what are said to be some of the most amazing scenes ever filmed, a battle with a wolf pack being one of the many dramatic highlights of the film.

NEWS FLASHES

Marlene Dietrich refuses to permit her eleven-year-old daughter, Maria, to see any of her own pictures, until the star herself has viewed the production at least once and adjudged it proper fare for juvenile eyes!

The glamorous star's rigorous self-censorship has resulted in little Maria's witnessing only two of her mother's numerous pictures. Between scenes of the Technicolor production, "The Garden of Allah," in which she co-stars with Charles Boyer, Miss Dietrich explained why.

"I do not fear vulgarity," she said, "half so much as unbalanced conceptions of life."

"Just as I watch over Maria's reading and recreation, so do I make a point of first attending a picture—my own and others—before I approve."

"Maria has seen me in 'Shanghai Express' and 'Desire.' I shall permit her to see 'The Garden of Allah.'"

"But," continued the star, "I keep her away from all her illusions as long as possible, and will permit nothing to distort her child's outlook or give her a false sense of values."

All parents, Miss Dietrich believes, should exercise the same care.

She declared further, "When the time comes, Maria will be at the age where she herself is capable of understanding, and analyzing human reactions."

"It will be a happy day for me, as a parent, to take her to see all of my pictures. What mother wouldn't be proud in the same position?"

"Until then, I must often say to her, 'No, Maria, mother thinks it best that you wait.'"

Speaking of "The Garden of Allah," seven strange instruments, producing the weird music of Africa, furnish an authentic Arabian background in this much-discussed new photoplay.

Assigned to the task of finding a genuine Arabian orchestra for the colourful cafe scene, in which Tilly Losch executes the fiery dagger dance of "Terna," Jamel Hassen, technical advisor, scoured Hollywood and Los Angeles until he unearthed the real product.

Played by native Arab musicians, the instruments include a "minjaira," akin to the flute; a "derbaky," drum held under the left arm; "and," resembling a six-stringed guitar; "duff," the Arabian tom-tom; "busuk," like a mandolin; "zamar," cousin of the piccolo, and "announ," Arab derivation of the zither.

"LITTLE MISS NOBODY"

Just a good little girl who's always in bad!

That's the type of role that mischievous Jane Withers has in her new heart-warming Fox hit, "Little Miss Nobody," which comes to-day to the Majestic Theatre.

Jane is one of the children in the Sunshine Orphanage presided over by two kindly matrons, and her pranks continually have her in hot water. When Jane steals a complete dinner from the back of a grocery wagon so that the children will not go hungry on Thanksgiving Day, she is arrested and brought before the juvenile court. The judge, however, decides that Jane's act was unselfish rather than malicious and paroles her in the matron's custody.

How Jane finally proves her own identity and wins a home for herself and happiness for those who aided her make this her finest and most entertaining film to date.

Included in the cast of this Sol M. Wurtzel production are Jane Darwell, Ralph Morgan, Sara Haden and Harry Carey.

"THE MURDER OF DR. HARRIGAN"

Many new faces appear in the First National production "The Murder of Dr. Harrigan," which is now showing at the Star Theatre.

Though he is a veteran dialogue director, this is the first time that Frank McDonald has ever had full charge of a picture.

In the capable cast, Kay Linaker, new Broadway "find," plays her first screen role, the leading woman opposite Ricardo Cortez. Martha Tibbette, Anita Kerry and Joan Blair, all recent graduates from the stage into screen work, were taking their first major picture parts.

Robert Strange, who played the part of one of the victims in the mystery, is a veteran of Broadway

DEATH FOR WITCHES

In Maid of Salem, Claudette Colbert forsakes smart comedy for strong drama; and plays what is, for her, an entirely new kind of rôle. She appears as a sweet, unsophisticated girl living in a Puritan community in New England, during the years around 1692.

This period was a black one in the history of Salem, for it was then that this quiet hamlet became inflamed against witchcraft so violently that scores of women and girls were tortured, hanged, or burnt.

Claudette becomes one of these innocent victims of barbaric superstition; but she is rescued romantically from the scaffold by a swashbuckling young man, who returns to his native village in the nick of time.

Fred MacMurray plays the young adventurer—it will be his first part in costume—and there is an interesting supporting cast, which includes Edward Ellis, Beniah Bondi, Gale Sondergaard, the feminine menace in Anthony Adverse, and Bonita Granville, the spiteful child in These Three.

The direction is by Frank Lloyd, who last worked with Miss Colbert on Under Two Flags.

TOO OLD AT 14

Some film-goers will welcome the announcement that a youthful star's contract has not been renewed because he is now 14, and, presumably, no longer such a child wonder of the film stage as Hollywood has produced in increasing numbers since Master Cogan played with Chaplin in "The Kid." Others, especially those who have been captivated, sometimes in spite of themselves, by Miss Shirley Temple, will regret that the mantle of Peter Pan must be shed in the cinema. For there is no general agreement on the entertainment qualities of children in films, just as there was sharp diversity of opinion in "Shakespeare's day over the boy players, who are described in 'Hamlet' as 'an array of children, little eyases, that cry out on the top of question, and are most tyrannically clapped for; these are now the fashion, and so berattle the common stages—so they call them—that many wearing rapiers are afraid of goose-quills and dare scarce come thither."

Lily Pons, who knows the answers from experience, given them to the public in RKO Radio's "I Dream Too Much," her first motion picture to be seen at the Oriental Theatre tomorrow, Friday & Saturday.

Miss Pons plays a role that resembles in many respects the one she has played in real life. The world renowned diva portrays a little French girl bound by the fetters of fame which her glorious voice has created. But Annette Monard, the heroine of the new picture, finds an avenue of escape and wins the freedom to realize her one great ambition of being just wife and mother.

Elsie Finn, who with David G. Winters co-authored the original story admits that the idea for the drama was inspired by a newspaper interview she once did with Miss Pons. Impressed by the price a singing career demands, the co-authors developed the story of Annette Monard, intending it as a vehicle for Miss Pons.

Henry Fonda plays the romantic lead in "I Dream Too Much." Others featured are Osgood Perkins and Eric Blore. The star sings two grand opera arias.

MRS. R. D. WALKER IN HOSPITAL

It is reported that Mrs. R. D. Walker, the wife of Major R. D. Walker, Manager and Chief Engineer of the Kowloon-Canton Railway, is lying seriously ill in the Victoria Hospital. She is unable to receive visitors.

and has played with important stage companies for many years in Chicago and on the road. Yet he is playing his first screen part in "The Murder of Dr. Harrigan."

The picture is a hair-raising murder mystery drama based on the story of Mignon G. Eberhart. Others in the cast include Mary Astor, John Eldredge, Joseph Crehan, Frank Reicher and Phillip Reed.

KING'S

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.
SEE WHAT HAPPENS WHEN THE MIRACLE MAKER
ORDERS THE EARTH TO STOP ROTATING!

H. G. WELLS' HILARIOUS STORY
"THE MAN WHO COULD WORK MIRACLES"



WITH ROLAND YOUNG
JOAN GARDNER—RALPH RICHARDSON
NEXT CHANGE: "THE LAST OF THE MOHICANS"
United Artists Release
with RANDOLPH SCOTT
BINKIE BARNES • HENRY WILCOXON

ALHAMBRA

NATHAN RD. KOWLOON DAILY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20. TEL. 57795

• SHOWING TO-DAY •
THE MOST SIGNIFICANT ANIMAL PRODUCTION
LADEN WITH ROMANTIC CONFLICT.

A drama of horse courage and dog devotion.



TWO IN REVOLT

With JOHN ARLEDGE
LOUISE LATIMER
MORONI OLSEN
"LIGHTNING"
the dog, and the famous horse
"WARRIOR"

NEXT: "THE BIG BROADCAST OF 1937"
CHANGE: with Jack Benny • George Burns • Gracie Allen
A Paramount Picture

ORIENTAL

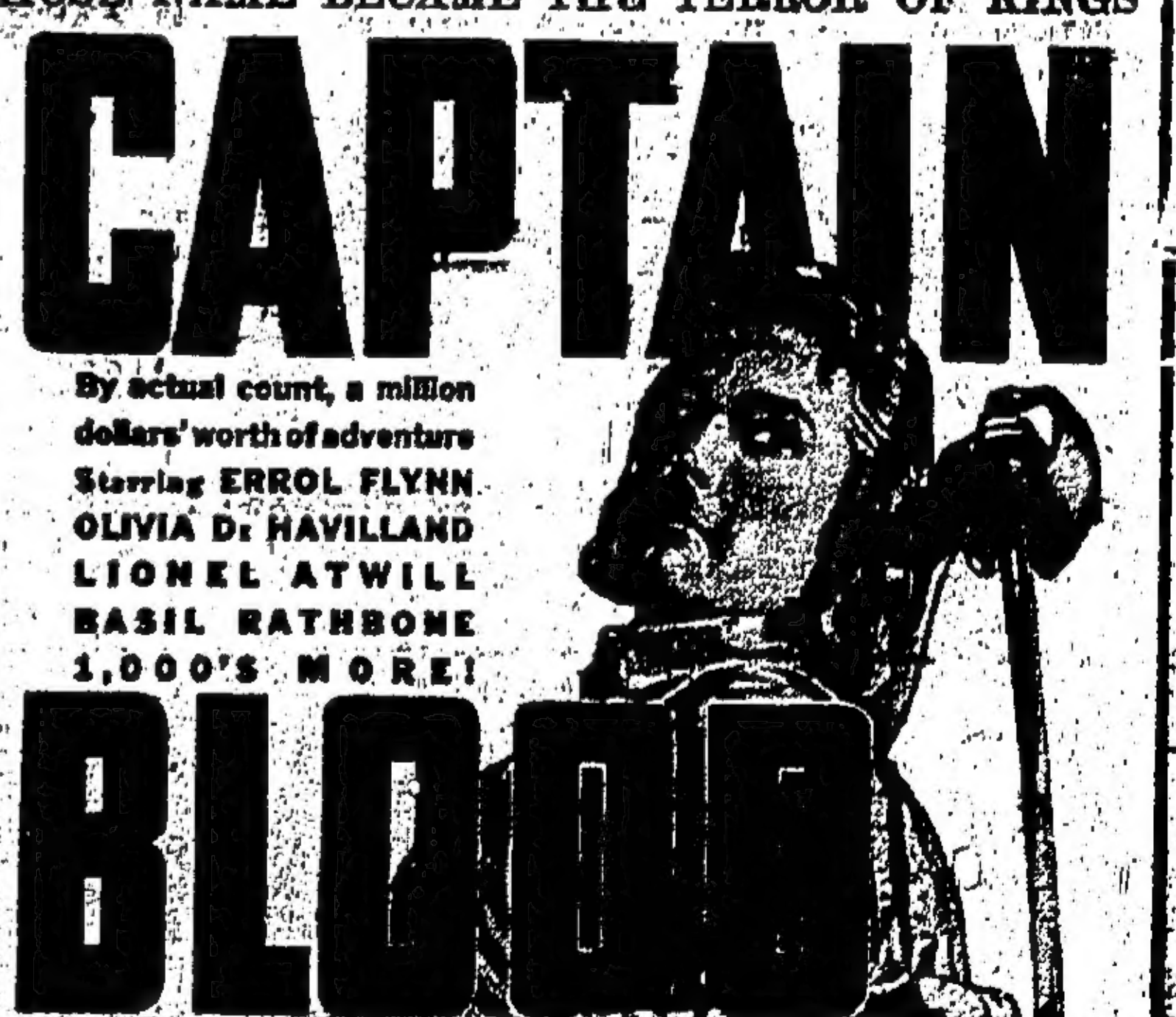
SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.15, 7.15-9.30

SPECIAL! FOR TO-DAY ONLY!
GREATEST OF ALL ADVENTURE PICTURES!

The man chains couldn't hold, guns couldn't stop, the whip couldn't tame, out-numbered ten to one, Blood attacks a king's armada.

A GLORIOUS SCOUNDREL
WHOSE NAME BECAME THE TERROR OF KINGS

CAPTAIN BLOOD



By actual count, a million dollars' worth of adventure
Starring ERROL FLYNN
OLIVIA DE HAVILLAND
LIONEL ATWILL
RASIL BATHORNE
1,000'S MORE!

• TOMORROW • FRIDAY • SATURDAY •
BEST OF ALL GRAND OPERA STARS!

The golden voice of this famous nightingale to be heard for the first time on the screen.

A VOICE THAT CHARMED THE WORLD!

LILY PONS



I DREAM TOO MUCH

With HENRY FONDA

• MATINEES: 20c, 30c • EVENINGS: 20c, 30c, 50c, 70c •

URBAN COUNCIL QUESTIONS

"SOURCE OF OUTBREAK NOT YET DISCOVERED"

At the meeting of the Urban Council held yesterday afternoon in the Post Office Building, questions were asked by two of its members regarding the dysentery scourge to which Mr. R. R. Todd, Chairman, replied.

MILK CONTAMINATED

The answers to the questions asked by Dr. Li Shu Fan, pursuant to notice, were as follows:—

Question: Has the source of the recent outbreak of dysentery been traced? If so, what and where was the origin?

Answer: The results of the investigations so far made appear to indicate that the source of the outbreak was a batch of milk which, in some unknown way, became contaminated just before or during the process of bottling.

Question: Which type of micro-organism was considered responsible for the infection?

Answer: The Shiga bacillus.

NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION OF DAIRY WORKERS

Question: Has there been any systematic medical examination made of the dairy workers, with the view to detecting possible sources of infection, before and/or after the recent outbreak? If the answer is in the negative, what were the reasons, if any?

Answer: No systematic medical examination of dairy workers was made prior to the outbreak. Arrangements are being made for dairy workers who assist in the production and bottling of the milk to be examined with a view to discover whether or not there is a carrier engaged in the process.

Question: Is the present sale and production of pasteurized milk under (a) licence (b) Government bacteriological control?

Answer: The present sale and production of pasteurized milk is not made under licence and is not under Government bacteriological control.

NO GOVERNMENT STANDARD

Question: Is there any safe bacteriological standard established by Government for (1) raw milk (2) pasteurized milk?

Answer: No bacteriological standard has been laid down by Government for either raw milk or pasteurized milk.

Question: If the answer to the previous question is in the negative, will Government take steps to provide for the bacteriological examination periodically of all milk on sale, with the view to controlling and safeguarding the purity of the milk?

Answer: A scheme for the routine examination of milks is under consideration.

FIGURES NOT AVAILABLE

The questions asked by Dr. R. A. de Castro Basto were replied to as follows:—

Question: What is the total number of dysentery cases for the months of October and November this year as compared with the similar period last year?

Answer: Dysentery not being a term applied to a single disease of specific origin but one covering a number of diseases having one symptom in common but having different origins, the nature of which cannot be determined without careful bacteriological examination, Epidemiologists generally are of opinion that "dysentery" should not be included in the list of notifiable diseases. In serious outbreaks, caused by a particular organism notification may assist enquiry and control, but except in such circumstances notification confuses rather than simplifies the issue. Dysentery not having been included in the list of notifiable diseases, figures showing the total number of cases of dysentery occurring in any particular period are not available.

CLASSIFICATION IMPOSSIBLE

Question: How many of the cases were of bacillary type and how many were amoebic? Of the bacillary types how many were due to Shiga's bacillus and how many to Flexner's?

Answer: As figures for the total number of "dysentery" cases are not available and as diagnoses made outside hospitals are more often than not unconfirmed by bacteriological examination it is impossible to say how many cases were of the amoebic and how many of the bacillary type and of the latter how many were due to the Flexner bacillus and how many to the Shiga bacillus.

Question: What is the incidence of the disease among:—(a) European adults, (b) Chinese adults, (c) European children, (d) Chinese children.

Answer: The incidence of disease being unknown it is impossible to state what is the incidence among adults or children, whether Chinese or European.

WILL NOT BE NOTIFIABLE

Question: With a view to controlling such diseases of epidemic nature, is it not advisable to make them notifiable?

Answer: For the reasons already given it is ordinarily inadvisable to include "dysentery" among the notifiable diseases. With regard to the present outbreak the question of making "dysentery" diseases temporarily notifiable was carefully considered and it was decided that taking all the known factors into consideration compulsory notification would serve no useful purpose and would hinder rather than assist investigation.

Question: Has the source of infection been traced to any article of food or drink? If so, will the Chairman give details of the origin of the epidemic?

Answer: The results of investigation so far made appear to indicate that the source of the outbreak was a batch of milk which, in some way not yet discovered, became contaminated just before or during the bottling process.

SCHEME FOR ROUTINE EXAMINATION

Question: Does there exist a system for the regular bacteriological examination of the milk supply of the Colony similar to that adopted for the drinking water?

(a) If the answer is in the affirmative will the Chairman furnish particulars of the method of examination?

(b) If the answer is in the negative will the Government consider instituting such system immediately?

Answer: No routine bacteriological examinations of milk samples was being carried out by the

Bacteriological Institute. When outbreaks of disease occur which may be due to contamination of milk samples are submitted for analysis as part of the general scheme of investigation.

A scheme for the routine examination of milk samples is under consideration.

ADDITIONAL MEASURES UNDER CONSIDERATION

Question: What additional precautionary measures does the Government propose to take to prevent a repetition of such an outbreak of dysentery or other acute intestinal diseases?

Answer: The question of whether or not additional measures should be taken to prevent further outbreaks of dysentery or other acute intestinal diseases is under consideration. Any decisions arrived at will be communicated to the Council.

THOSE PRESENT

Present at the meeting were the following:—

Mr. R. R. Todd (Chairman); Hon. Dr. A. R. Wellington (Vice-Chairman); Hon. Mr. R. M. Henderson (Director of Public Works); Hon. Mr. W. J. Carrie (Secretary for Chinese Affairs); Hon. Mr. T. H. King (Inspector General of Police); Mr. F. C. Hall, Dr. R. A. de Castro Basto, Mr. L. C. F. Bellamy, Dr. Li Shu Fan, Mr. A. el Arculli, Dr. S. N. Chau, Mr. W. N. Thomas Tam, Mr. B. Wong Tape, Mr. C. J. Rog (Secretary), Mr. Im Ping-leeung (Assistant Secretary).

The following members of the Government Medical Department were also present:—Dr. G. W. Pope, Medical Officer of Health, Dr. D. J. Valentine, Deputy Director of Medical Services, Dr. J. M. Gray and Dr. K. C. Yeo.

NO RESPECT FOR WEEKLY HEALTH CEMETERIES RETURN

Stiff Sentence Imposed

Chan Hing, 22, unemployed, and of no fixed abode, was sentenced to three months' hard labour by Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy yesterday when he appeared on the charge of stealing ornaments from the Mount Caroline Cemetery.

His Worship said that he would take a serious view of the case as people should respect the ornaments in cemeteries.

POPPY DAY FUND

Previously acknowledged	\$14,283.01
H.M.S. "Decoy"	24.52
H.M.S. "Moth"	15.10
H.M.S. "Adventure"	44.43
H.M.S. "Capetown"	33.93
H.M. Dockyard	84.15
M. L. Whitley	15.00
	\$14,500.14

Further contributions will be gratefully received by Mr. F. G. Maunders, Secretary to Earl Haig's Fund, York Building, Hong Kong. Cheques should be made payable to Thomson & Co., and crossed "Poppy Day Fund."

S.P.C.A.

The following contributions have been received:—

Previously acknowledged	\$1,448.15
Ethel Biggar	33.00
Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Parkinson	10.00
British-American Tobacco Co. (China), Ltd.	5.00
	\$1,518.15

HOTEL GUESTS

New residents at local hotels yesterday were as follows:—

At the Gloucester:—Mr. J. Thum, Swatow; Miss Alda Itzcovitch, Manila; Mr. M. Beraha, Manila.

At the Hong Kong:—Mr. F. V. Reyes, Manila.

Tuberculosis Still Rampant

DIPHTHERIA OUTBREAK ON RISE

Sixty-five deaths from tuberculosis, six deaths from diphtheria and two from typhoid were contained in a report from the Health authorities for the week ended November 21.

Six cases of diphtheria were notified from Victoria and eight from Kowloon, further stated the report, which adds that a total of six outbreaks of typhoid which occurred in the period under review, three cases were notified from Victoria, two in Kowloon and one from Aberdeen. One of these cases was imported.

Only one case of puerperal fever was reported from Kowloon.

DAILY STATEMENT

Five cases of typhoid, three occurring in Victoria, one in Kowloon and one in the New Territories, were contained in a report issued for the 24 hours ended November 23.

One case of diphtheria was notified from Kowloon.

KUMAON RIFLES

Due Soon To Relieve The Punjabis

The ss. Santhia, which was due to arrive in the Colony yesterday with the 1st Kumaon Rifles, will not now arrive in Hong Kong until Friday.

The Kumaon Rifles are relieving the 1st Batt. 8th Punjab Regiment, which is being transferred to Lucknow, and who are now being temporarily accommodated under canvas on the waterfront in Kowloon beyond the railway lines.

At the Peninsula:—Miss Bessie Hackett, Manila; the Hon. Mr. Dalip Singh, Lahore; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Lock, Penang; Mr. E. Rotherham, Penang; Mr. W. L. Bond, Shanghai.

THREE BILLS AMENDED

Coinage, Currency And Stamp Duties

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL MEETING

Three Bills, one to amend further the Coinage Offences Ordinance, 1885; another to amend the Currency Ordinance, 1935; and the third to amend the Stamp Duties Management Ordinance, 1911, were passed at a meeting of the Legislative Council yesterday afternoon.

The following resolutions, moved by the Colonial Treasurer (Hon. Mr. Edwin Taylor), were passed:—

1.—Resolved pursuant to section 2 (4) of the Hong Kong Government Service (Levy on Salaries) Ordinance, 1936, that after deduction of the levy, if any, and of the Widows and Orphans' Pension Contribution, if any, or of either, the remainder of the salaries of all public officers in the Hong Kong Government Service, which are expressed in terms of sterling, whatever their amount, shall be converted at the rate of one shilling and three pence three farthings to the dollar for the months of October, November and December, 1936.

2.—Resolved pursuant to section 6 of the Hong Kong Government Service (Levy on Salaries) Ordinance, 1936, that with effect from the 1st day of September, 1936, the salary of John Williams Walkden, Temporary Gymnastic Instructor, shall be exempt from the operation of section 3 of the said Ordinance.

The post of physical training instructor which was created this year to meet certain requirements of the Burney Report is temporary and non-pensionable and the present holder was offered and accepted a net salary to include all allowances which he was given to understand, also included the amount of the salary levy. The necessity of obtaining the consent of this Council to the exemption from salary levy was unfortunately overlooked and the resolution which I now ask you to accept is designed to implement the offer made to this officer before engagement.

REVISED EDITION OF ORDINANCES

Moving the First reading of a Bill to provide for a revised edition of the Ordinances, and for a revised edition of the Regulations of the Colony, the Attorney General (Hon. Mr. C. G. Alabaster), said that it was proposed to bring out in the new edition the ordinances and regulations in force as at January 1, 1937.

The Attorney General also moved the First reading of the following:—

"A Bill to give effect to the change in name and style of the officers heretofore known as those of Director of Medical and Sanitary Services and Deputy Director of Medical and Sanitary Services."

"A Bill to amend the Merchant Shipping Ordinance, 1899."

"A Bill to provide for the registration and inspection of nursing homes and maternity homes for purposes connected therewith."

"A Bill to amend further the Midwives Ordinance, 1910."

"A Bill to amend the Defences (Firing Areas) Ordinance, 1934."

The Council then adjourned and the next meeting will be held on or about December 2.

THOSE PRESENT

Present at the meeting were:—His Excellency the Governor, Sir Andrew Caldecott, Kt., C.M.G., C.B.E.

His Excellency the General Officer Commanding, Major-General A. W. Bartholomew, C.B., C.M.G., C.B.E., D.S.O.

The Colonial Secretary, Hon. Mr. R. A. C. North (Acting).

The Attorney General, Hon. Mr. C. G. Alabaster, K.C., O.B.E.

CONVICTED ON DRUNKEN DRIVING

(Continued from Page 1.)

He stopped his car about thirty yards further along and retraced his steps to render assistance, but defendant had great difficulty in even standing up.

He was taken to Wanchai police station and he appeared to be very drunk. Later, he was examined at the Government Civil Hospital, but since he had pleaded guilty to the charge it would not be read in court.

Chan Luk suffered scalp wounds which necessitated six stitches, and the other man sustained smaller injuries. They were both discharged from the hospital, but the older man was still groggy.

Insp. Saunders asked for the maximum fine on the drunken charge and compensation to the two men who were injured.

Mr. Evans informed his Worship that the defendant was a new-comer to the Colony, and that the publicity given him in this case was detrimental to his reputation. Defendant had concluded a game of rugby when he went to attend a reception. While there he had drunk a quantity of champagne. Later, he went to the Hong Kong Hotel, and drank about four or five beers.

Being unable to eat, he decided to drive home, which he thought he was quite able to do.

Defendant admitted that he was drunk when taken into custody, and he considered that he should not be fined the maximum penalty, but that a substantial one would be sufficient with the necessary compensation to the injured men.

His Worship fined defendant \$200, and ordered the sum of \$50 to be paid as amends to Chan Luk, and \$25 to Yue Tai.

A recommendation for a temporary suspension of license will be forwarded to the Inspector General of Police.

CHINESE SUED FOR RUDE BEHAVIOUR

European Complains

Mr. F. C. B. Black was the complainant yesterday before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy when he summoned a Chinese, Tan Kim Fan, to appear for rude behaviour at Repulse Bay on November 8.

Mr. C. E. R. Sanderson appeared for defendant, and asked for a date for the hearing, which was granted and fixed for December 1.

The Secretary for Chinese Affairs: Hon. Mr. W. J. Carrie.

The Colonial Treasurer: Hon. Mr. Edwin Taylor, C.M.G.

Hon. Commander G. F. Hole, R.N. (Retd.): Harbour Master.

Hon. Mr. T. H. King (Inspector General of Police).

Hon. Dr. A. R. Wellington, C.M.G. (Director of Medical and Sanitary Services).

Hon. Mr. R. M. Henderson (Director of Public Works).

Hon. Mr. J. J. Paterson.

Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga, O.B.E.

Hon. Mr. T. N. Chau.

Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodyell.

Hon. Mr. A. W. Hughes.

Hon. Mr. M. T. Johnson.

Mr. D. M. MacDougall (Deputy Clerk of Council).

Absent:—Hon. Dr. S. W. Tao, C.B.E., L.L.D. and Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo.

FINANCE COMMITTEE

At a meeting of the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council held yesterday afternoon supplementary votes totalling \$510,100 were passed.

NOW THE COOLER WEATHER HAS SET IN. IT IS TIME TO THINK ABOUT —

Warm DRESSING GOWNS

Cosy BED JACKETS

Jaeger LINED SLIPPERS

THESE in colours to please everyone are to be found at —

LANE, CRAWFORD'S LADIES' SALON



Whether it be a social or business occasion, mellow, friendly old Beehive adds tone and sparkle to the conversation, helps a man think clearer and makes even the pessimist admit that "it's not such a bad world after all." Keep a bottle handy—ask for it at the club.

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Sole Agents:—GILMAN & CO., LTD.

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Tel. 30388.

ALBUMS OF SONGS SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

Elizabeth Schumann Favourite Songs.

Julia Culp

Peter Warlock Songs.

Schumann Song: "Carl Fischer Edit."

Schubert

Moussorgsky Songs.

Bimsky Korsakov Songs.

Parry's Lyrics.

Anthology of Songs. Ed. John Goss.

Brahms Songs. Whistler Edit.

Dvorak Biblical Songs.

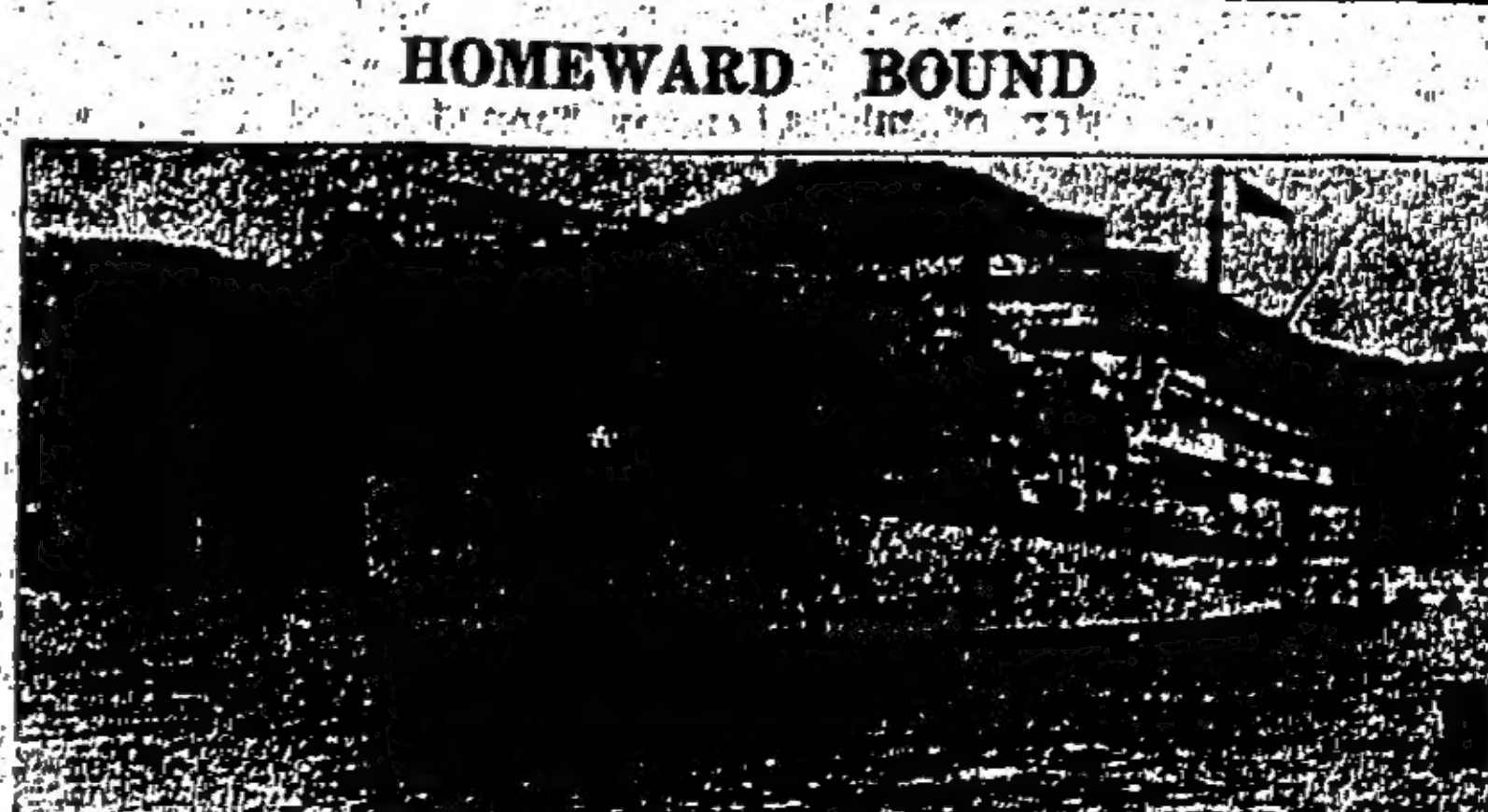
Elizabethan Love Songs. arr. Keel, etc., etc.

Albums of French—Russian—German Songs.

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY,

Marina House, 19, Queen's Road, C.

Tel. 24648.



A splendid view of the troopship Dilwara as she left the Kowloon Wharf on Friday prior to sailing for England.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 30th day of Nov., 1936 at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Wong Nei Chong in the Colony of Hong Kong for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the purchaser will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, \$200.00 in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square Feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	4443	South East of Island Lot No. 448, Blue Pool Road.	As per sale plan	About 4,310	80	6,480

4836

THE RAUB AUSTRALIAN GOLD MINING CO., LIMITED.

(Incorporated in Queensland)

NOTICE OF DECLARATION OF INTERIM DIVIDEND

NOTICE is hereby given that an Interim Dividend of Six Pence per share on account of the financial year ending 31st March, 1937, has been declared by the Directors of the Company in Brisbane, payable on 12th December, 1936 to Shareholders on the Registers at Brisbane and Singapore on 11th December, 1936.

NOTICE is also hereby given that the Singapore Transfer Registers will be closed from Saturday, 5th December, to Friday, 11th December, 1936 (both days inclusive), for the preparation of Dividend Warrants.

By Order of the Board,
DERRICK & CO.,
Chartered Accountants,
Local Secretaries.

Hong Kong Bank Chambers,
Singapore, 14th November, 1936.

4835

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms for the Twelfth Extra Race Meeting to be held on Saturday, 5th December, 1936 (weather permitting), may be obtained at the Secretary's Office, Exchange Building, the Club House, Happy Valley, the Hong Kong Club, the Sports Club, and the Stables, Shan Kwong Road.

Entries close at 12 o'clock NOON on Thursday, 26th November, 1936.

By Order,
S. A. SLEAP,
Actg. Secretary.

4832

BIRTH

SASSOON.—On October 30, 1936, at 18, Hanover Terrace, N.W.1, to Hester, wife of Siegfried Sassoon—a son.

DEATHS

CAMERON.—On October 31, 1936, peacefully, at The Hermitage, Peasmarsh, Sussex, Josephine Elizabeth Cameron, of 39, Hyde Park Gate, S.W.7, widow of Sir Ewen Cameron, K.C.M.G., of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank.

ORMISTON.—On November 6, 1936, at Thirlaby House, Sunninghill, Berks, Kathleen Anne, wife of the late Evan Ormiston and beloved mother of Angel Luscombe.

Editorial and Business Office: 15-19, Queen's Road Central, Tel. 30251.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street E.C. 4.

The Daily Press

HONG KONG, NOVEMBER 25, 1936.

THE NATIONAL MEMORIAL TO KING GEORGE

Before ending his year of office the Lord Mayor of London has been able to announce that the two objects of the King George Memorial are within sight of being accomplished.

The original estimate of the cost of the statue of his late Majesty, on a site facing the Houses of Parliament and adjoining Westminster Abbey, has been reduced by the gift from the Government of the necessary land. A worthy commemoration of King George and a splendid addition to the amenities of the capital of the Empire can now be foreseen at a cost of not more than £125,000. Parliament will, without doubt, readily confirm the surrender of properties which in their new use will make possible a perpetual remembrance in an adequate setting.

This act of the Government leaves almost two-thirds of the money already subscribed to be devoted to the provision of playing fields throughout the country.

The £200,000 already available, which should be largely augmented during the months in which the Memorial Fund is to be kept open, is to be placed in the hands of trustees, and the actual allocation of the money will be in the hands of a committee of which Mr. Atlee is chairman, while the membership is that of practical men whose diversity of public service adequately expresses the national character of the commemoration. Not the least satisfaction of Sir Percy Vincent's memorable year of office as Lord Mayor must be the power to announce that a memorial in a form in keeping with King George's care for his people's welfare is assured of success.

BAN ON POLITICAL UNIFORMS

London, Nov. 24.

In the House of Commons last night discussion of the Public Order Bill which will prohibit the use of political uniforms was continued in committee. Members sought for elucidation of minor points in the measure and the discussion served to indicate afresh that its principles receive the general approval of all parties.—*British Wireless.*

PASSENGER PLANE MISSING

Cairo, Nov. 23.

Some anxiety is felt regarding a passenger plane belonging to Imperial Airways, which was bound for Port Said from Haifa. The latest message from the plane stated that she was making a forced landing.

The Egyptian broadcasting station has sent out S.O.S. mes-

'BON VOYAGE'



A scene at the Kowloon Wharf on Friday prior to the departure of the troopship Diliwara for England. Well-wishers are seen leaving the vessel after bidding good-bye to military friends.

WHEN FURY BREAKS LOOSE AGAIN

Air Commodore Charlton's Warning And Prophecy

No doubt many people are beginning to feel that there is a danger of the case of those who contend that air attack and air defence will be all-important in future wars becoming unconvincing as the result of reiteration and over-emphasis.

However, no one can read "War Over England," by Air Commodore L. E. O. Charlton, without recognizing not only that it is a cleverly-written and most readable book, but that it deserves careful study from those responsible for the defences of this country and the Empire.

In a description on the cover it is stated that "the book is a reminder and a warning of air raids over England, not written just to make our flesh creep, but much more to make our minds aware of danger before it is too late." That Air Commodore Charlton's warning will not go unheeded, at any rate by all who read his book, there can be no question.

The first part of the book is a story of the air raids of the Great War—a memory sketch so vividly drawn that much of the narrative will be an almost staggering revelation to those who are not old enough to remember the horrors of the Great War, and even those who are able to recall unhappy experiences during the four fateful years will probably find from the book that much happened then of which they have been quite ignorant.

As the author remarks, "People are forgetting those days. It is well they should be reminded. Memory is short." However that may be, the record which the author has compiled is a valuable one, and rendered additionally so by a series of photographs illustrating the effects of the air raids in London. The frontispiece, "The symbolism of War," is a most striking picture.

PRO-GERMAN MOON

Here is part of a description by the author of the conditions under which the people of this country lived during the war:

"For the better part of two whole years, until the airship ceased to raid, the whole country lived and suffered under Zeppelin psychosis. Not a Zeppy night to-night, thank God! would one say to another, scanning the sky, as they parted for their homes at the end of the day's work.

"The moon was then a friend, because the Zeppelins dare not raid on moonlight nights. Later, in the time of the aeroplanes, Gotha and Giant, which assailed the City and surpassed the airships in the death and destruction which they wrought, the moon became an enemy, pro-German.

LIKE MEDIEVAL WARFARE

Referring to the lessons of those days which can be taken to heart, the author remarks that "beside the dead and injured must be put far and wide terrorization of the populace, women and children, sick and old, especially. The ill-health of vast numbers must be counted in, and the misery caused. The constant obsession of minds with a dead-weight of fear to the exclusion of everything else must be reckoned.

"And above all it must be remembered that all this happened to people who dwelt at home, far from the fighting fronts. They were powerless to do more than suffer passively the tragedy and the grief. To these the air raids meant in reality the reappearance

sages enlisting the aid of destroyers to search the coast of Palestine.—*Reuter's Bulletin Service.*

In a far worse form of the dreadfulness of medieval warfare, when towns were sacked by the enemy and the inhabitants put to the sword.

The other lesson to which the author directs attention is this: "That to-day as much can be accomplished in a single raid as was brought about on the last occasion in the course of four years of raiding. The first bomb fell on British soil on Christmas Eve, 1914. The last bomb fell on the night of 5th-6th August, 1918, the date of the fourth anniversary of Britain's entry into the war. In the interval, for three and a half years the visitations recurred. It was a strange, eventful period of time. In some ways it was a time of deep national humiliation."

AIRSHIP 'SCOTCHED' BY AEROPLANE

The next chapter is a dissertation on airships, a chapter full of information that may be read with interest and profit by all. For the general reader it has the precious merit that it is not encumbered with technicalities. Incidentally, the author expresses the view that, as weapons of war, it seems certain that airships will no longer play a part, their powers of offence having been scotched by the aeroplane.

The period of the Gothas and the Giants was bad enough, he says, and if the war had been prolonged much worse was already in store. "We know, for instance, from Ludendorff's own memoirs that 'Elektron' bombs were ready in quantity by the end of September, 1918. These were incendiaries, burning at a temperature of 3,000 degrees Fahrenheit and quite unextinguishable. They could make steel run like tallow."

A HUNDRED YEARS HENCE

It is the Zeppelins which will be talked about a hundred years hence and not the aeroplanes, the author considers. "A remarkable, and little-known fact," he adds, "is that the aggregate of the air-ship activities over England amounted to only a tenth of the sum-total of energy expended. Fleet patrol work in the North Sea absorbed the huge remainder and thoroughly justified itself. Airships, for instance, saved Von Scheer at Jutland from almost certain disaster."

WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN

"What might not have been the net result to ourselves if Germany, taking advantage of our total unpreparedness at the first, had concentrated her entire airship energy instead of raiding sporadically? We had luck in that!"

Several chapters are devoted to chronicles of the raids. Then, discussing the real reason of the raids, he says: "Obviously the enemy 'hoped to inflict great loss and damage and cripple as far as possible our own efforts by bombing targets of essential military importance. Obviously, also, when indiscriminate bombing began so soon after the commencement, making civilians, men, women, and children, the chief sufferers, he was attempting to break our will to war. But the High Command was far too astute not early to realize the unlikelihood of obtaining decisive results in either of these two ways."

The author pays tribute to the plots of the home defence, for to

MOSCOW TRIAL SENTENCES

German Appeal For Clemency

MOSCOW, Nov. 23. The German Ambassador here has requested the Russian Foreign Office to support the German engineer Stickling's appeal for executive clemency.

Stickling, with eight Russians has been sentenced to death on charges of espionage and sabotage in the Siberian mines, and it is alleged that he spread propaganda against the Communist system, and the present Russian Government and loosed poison gas in the shafts of at least one big northern mine.—*Reuter.*

BERLIN ATTITUDE

Berlin, Nov. 23.

Before deciding on any set that may be necessary, official circles are awaiting the final reports from the Ambassador at Moscow. Count von der Schulenberg, on the sensational sabotage trial at Novosibirsk, where a German engineer has been sentenced to death.

The precipitate breaking off of relations with Russia is regarded as unlikely in diplomatic circles, provided the engineer, Stickling, is not executed.

It is anticipated that a compromise solution will be found, perhaps in the expulsion of Stickling or his exchange for some prisoner held in Germany.—*Reuter.*

WE MAY BE INVADIED

Turning to an aspect of the raids which concerned them, and will concern in future, each man, woman, and child who are national of a country at war, he refers "to the passive, helpless civilian population who will be sought out and slain as if they stood in battle array, opposing themselves to the bayonets of the enemy."

"The air raids over England during the Great War, were but a foretaste, the merest nibble, of what lies now in wait. In no sense of the word could it be considered real air warfare. That is yet to come, with the modern perfection of the flying machine."

The next war will be in and from the air, and if we are involved we will be invaded. Victims were only counted by hundreds on the last occasion. Hundreds of thousands will be the toll when the fury breaks loose again."

AIR POWER WILL BE WAR ITSELF

After recounting incidents of the raids during the Great War the author says: "Multiply them by ten or twelve and the result will be a complete whole. Multiply them four or five hundred times and the result will be a moderate picture of what will happen on the next occasion. They were only little raids, comparatively, which did this damage. Air power in those days of the war was not very seriously regarded. In future it will be war itself. How will it bear on the inhabitants of the home country when that time comes?"

In the next two parts of the book "A Short History of the Next War" and "The Last War" the author attempts to answer this question in a narrative which is remarkable for the completeness with which the progress of war is worked out. But to fully appreciate this the full story must be read. It was on the occasion of the Air Force Display at Hendon that the first blow of "the next war" fell, "and Germany delivered it" according to the narrative. What followed is thrilling reading.

THE MILLENNIUM

But the most significant passages of the volume are contained in a postscript, the opening sentences of which read: "Year succeeded year in a world at peace. Universal disarmament by land, sea, and air had been the preliminary step towards the millennium. To this, as a necessary consequence, followed the internationalization of civil aviation so that air transport might no longer be an aid in disguise to aggressiveness. The League of Nations was revived and reformed."

A Court of Equity reigned supreme, and to enforce the Court's decrees, if necessary an international police force was created, the only military force on earth. It was an air police force. From the "Naval and Military Record."

BRITAIN IN THE FAR EAST

Trade Interests

A Power Without A Policy

SOME CHINESE CRITICISMS

The arrival in China of Sir Hugh Knatchbull-Hugesson, the new British Ambassador, has caused a good deal of speculation as to the future course of British policy in the Far East. Of course, as Sir Hugh was prompt to point out in his first press interview, a change of envoys does not necessarily mean a change of policy. Fundamentally, he made it clear British policy would continue to aim at "peace, prosperity, and a greater purchasing power among the Chinese people." Nevertheless, Sir Hugh's advent has led thoughtful Britons in China to ask themselves whether the policy which has been followed in the past is good enough for the future. In some quarters there is a strong feeling that a more positive and less opportunist line should be followed.

THE SHANGHAI MIND

In an effort to discover, if possible, something of the general trend of British opinion in Shanghai, our correspondent interviewed ten prominent Britons, including the heads of some of the largest firms, a banker, a lawyer, and two missionaries. It must be confessed at the outset that the results were disappointingly meagre, especially in the case of the business men approached. The frank reaction of most of the latter was to ask, "What can we do?"

It was plain that in most cases they were looking at things from the standpoint not of the principles at stake but of the peculiar needs of their respective firms. In few cases could any sense of identification with the problems of the Chinese people be noted. One was led to the conclusion that the number of British business men in Shanghai who possess the capacity to see more than a limited distance beyond their noses can still be counted upon the fingers of one hand.

From one exceptionally far-sighted merchant, however, who occupies an influential position in the British business community came this thoughtful statement: "British policy should be at once constructive and realistic. It should be constructive in that we should try to assist in every way China's progress towards unification and financial stability; and it should be realistic in the sense that British traders should cease to rely absolutely upon their extraterritorial status. This is all right up to a point, but we have got to be prepared gradually to relinquish these privileges—not by overnight cancellation but rather by a normal process of attrition as and when the Chinese are able to render the extraterritorial provisions of the treaties unnecessary. As regards the Japanese, the question is how we can establish an understanding with them so long as the policy out here continues to be so aggressive. I feel that we should be careful not to condone any Japanese activity, such as the North China smuggling, which we feel to be wrong. And we should not hesitate to condemn any action which is contrary to our own principles of fairness and justice."

BRITAIN AND JAPAN

But this was by no means a representative business opinion. Almost the only other recognition of principles at stake came from the two missionaries. "The question ought to be decided," one of the latter urged, "as to how much Britain is willing that Japan should get away with in China. Some-

how or other Britain ought to let it be known what she is willing to stand for and what she is not. Britain and the United States ought to come together and say, 'We recognise the justice of a lot of Japan's claims but we cannot stomach the idea of a Japanese hegemony in China and would consider it an unfriendly act if any further move were made in this direction.' This missionary also felt that much good might be achieved if Britain were to send out to China more men of the calibre of Sir John Hope Simpson and Sir Frederick Leith-Ross to render some positive aid to China and as concrete evidence of British goodwill. The second missionary supported the idea of an Anglo-American demarche. "My own view," he said, "is that there ought to be more imagination about British policy out here. By that I mean that we should not content ourselves with preserving a diplomatically correct position, nor should we adopt the attitude that we are merely interested in trade."

Most of the business men seemed to feel that on the whole the safest policy would be to "stand pat" on the present treaty status lest, threatened by Japanese expansion on the one hand and Chinese aspirations on the other, British interests be squeezed out altogether. As to the question of assisting Chinese reconstruction, there was a good deal of loose talk on the subject, but it was pointed out, when you came down to it what real guarantee was there for the British investor? Did not it mean simply that you gave the Chinese the money and then they proceeded to spend it as they thought fit? One or two favoured friendly co-operation with Japan, though they admitted it would be difficult to adopt this course without giving the Chinese the impression that a renewal of the Anglo-Japanese alliance was in the offing.

M.C.C. MATCH DRAWN

Duckworth Stays Out Injured

DRAMATIC FINISH

Sydney, Nov. 24.

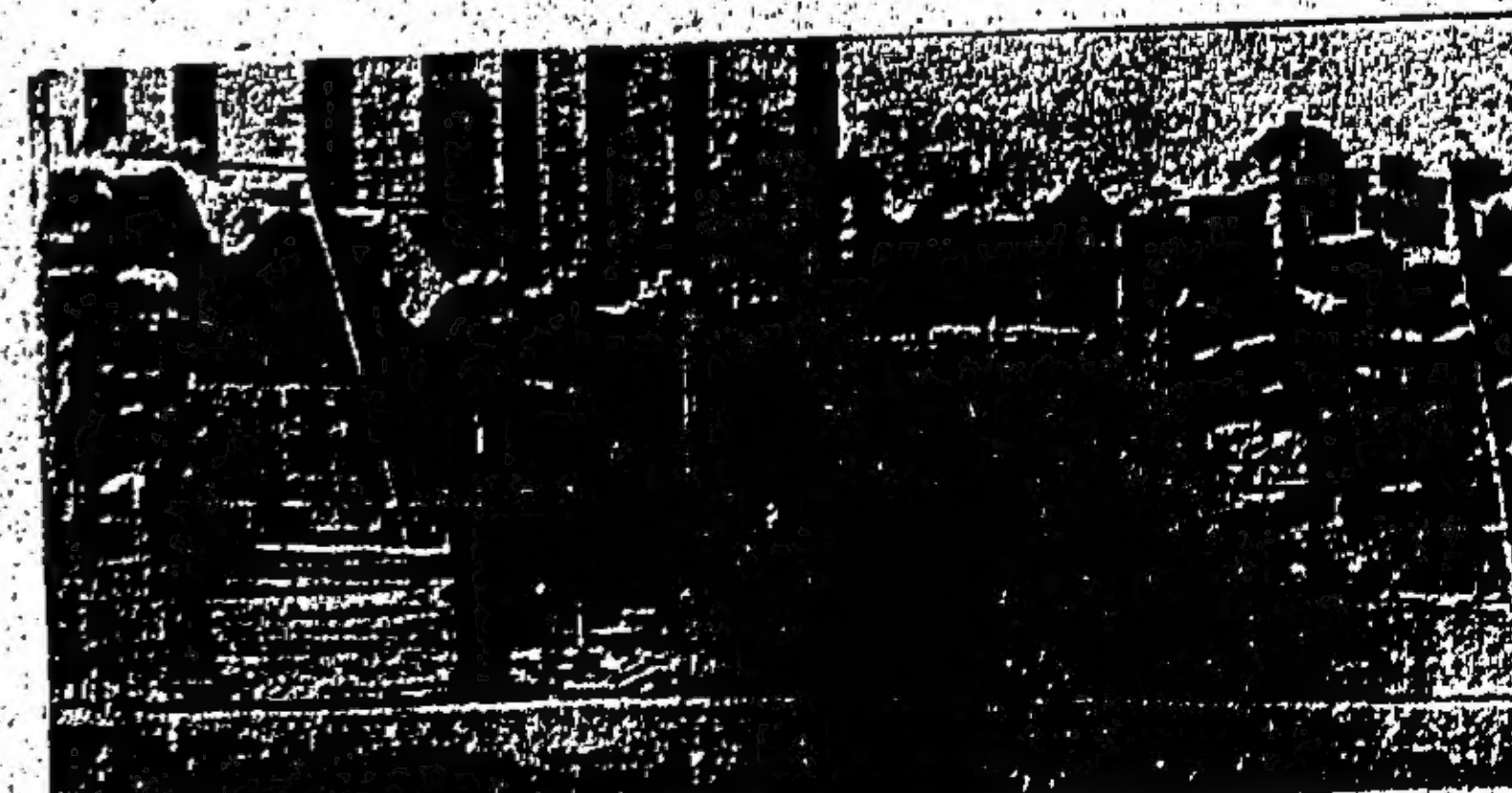
The M.C.C. match with the Australian eleven was drawn in a dramatic finish during the last few minutes of closing time when the visitors averted an innings defeat.

It was revealed that Duckworth broke the index finger of his left hand in keeping wicket yesterday and will not be able to play for three weeks.

M.C.C. scored 288 in the first innings and the Australians 544 for 8, at which the latter declared when the match was resumed today, leaving the M.C.C. 256 runs behind.

Time intervened when the M.C.C. total reached 245 for 8. Leyland scored 118, including ten boundaries, staying at the wickets for nearly four hours and batting tenaciously. Voce, with Robins, added 88 runs for the sixth wicket.—*Reuter.*

LAST OF CITY HALL



The work of demolishing the old City Hall, where many outstanding entertainments, including amateur dramatics, musical comedies and concerts, were given in the years gone by, is fast nearing an end.

BRITISH SHIPS CARRYING ARMS FOR SPAIN

LEGISLATION BEING DRAFTED

Foreign Ports Included In Ban

London, November 24. Drafting is now proceeding of legislation promised by Mr. Anthony Eden in the House of Commons yesterday which will make it illegal for any British ships to carry arms for Spain from any foreign port. No arms have gone to Spain from British ports since the British Government, following the French initiative early in the Spanish troubles, made their unilateral non-intervention declaration to which at a later date other countries pledged themselves.

It is, however, known that three or four vessels of British registry have been taking loads of arms to Spain from foreign ports in contravention of the British policy. Measures are now being drafted which will make this a criminal offence and the penalties prescribed will be directed against the owners of vessels who will be held responsible for acts of their employees.

RIGOROUS PENALTIES IN BILL

The penalties will be rigorous and of a kind sufficient to deter any owner from using a vessel in this way.

Munitions will be defined according to list of contraband on which the International Committee of Non-Intervention is now working, namely, guns, shells, rifles, aeroplanes and similar weapons. It will not include oil and coal.

It is expected that the Cabinet will have a new bill before them at their meeting to-morrow and the text is likely to be issued in the next few days.

British Wireless.

SITUATION IN MADRID

No Appreciable Change

STREETS HEAVILY SHELLED

London, Nov. 24. Messages reaching London state that no appreciable change yesterday occurred in the Madrid situation.

The streets near the model prison on the west side of the capital were heavily shelled and some shells fell in the centre of the city.

There was some bombing early in the day but the weather later prevented air activity.

Meanwhile the Government militia are steadily improving their defences.

British Wireless.

BOMBARDMENT RESUMED

Salamanca, Nov. 24. The bombardment of Madrid was resumed on Monday with the beginning of better weather conditions. The northwest part of the town was shelled, various barracks and the Rosales district being destroyed.

Reuter.

HIGH EXPLOSIVE BOMB

Madrid, Nov. 24. The bombardment of the city continued last night, and a number of shells fell in the centre of the old capital, causing much damage and a number of casualties.

A Seville broadcast message says that a high explosive bomb, dropped by an insurgent plane, fell in the courtyard of the War Ministry, Madrid, where munitions are stored, and a vast explosion, followed by a huge fire resulted. The flames were visible for hours afterwards from the insurgent lines.

Reuter.

BODIES UNEARTHED

Madrid, Nov. 24. In the course of cleaning up the debris of the demolished printing works, destroyed by air raiders, 70 bodies were extricated from the ruins and it is feared that 20 more still remain buried.

The total casualties of all the raids will not be known until all the ruined houses are thoroughly searched. It is feared the greatest number of victims will be found in cellars, where many people are known to have been entombed or crushed to death.

Transocean News Service.

ITALIAN SUPPORT FOR FRANCO

Material Assistance In Blockade

Rome, Nov. 23.

Italy will give General Franco Franco moral support, it is stated to-day, in any blockade he may institute against Spanish ports, but Italy has not given, and will not give material assistance, and will continue to maintain the non-intervention agreement.

This attitude, it is pointed out, is the logical outcome of Italy's recognition of the insurgent Government in Spain.

It is argued here that General Franco is fully justified in taking steps to prevent the landing of war material from Russia.

It is strongly denied that Italian submarines were responsible for the torpedo attack on Spanish warships in the port of Cartagena. It is officially stated, too, that Italy has neither sold nor lent submarines to General Franco.

Mr. Anthony Eden's announcement in the House of Commons that Great Britain would not accord belligerent rights to either the Government or insurgent Junta in Spain, came as a surprise in Italy, since the Italian press had led the reading public to believe that the British Government was on the verge of according such rights to the insurgents.

AMERICAN EMBASSY TO TRANSFER

Washington, Nov. 23.

The State Department has telegraphically instructed Mr. Eric Wendelin, the American Charge d'Affaires in Madrid, to close the Embassy and proceed to Valencia.

Mr. Wendelin has replied that he would evacuate on Wednesday, with his staff and the 200 Americans still in Madrid, and travel by car and bus.

Reuter.

NEW DIPLOMATS FOR SPAIN

Salamanca, Nov. 24.

General Faupel and Signor Chutis, German and Italian Charge d'Affaires respectively accredited to the Franco Government, have arrived to take up their posts.

Reuter.

BRITISH ISLES IN FOG

London, Nov. 23.

A considerable part of Britain was surrounded in fog to-day, the belt being particularly dense in the north-western counties of England and in Southern Scotland.

In many ports, shipping was handicapped and this afternoon arrivals and departures at Croydon airport were suspended. While London escaped, it was ringed about with a belt of fog, and restricted rail services were in operation on the suburban lines.

British Wireless.

DEATH IN TRAIN

Cleveland, O., Nov. 23.

Mr. O. P. van Sweringen, the railway magnate, died in a train when en route to New York to-day.

Reuter.

EDEN REPLIES TO QUESTIONS

Spanish Situation Discussed

London, Nov. 23.

The dangerous international situation in Spain was reflected in the questions of members of the House of Commons to-day when the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, was the target of numerous inquiries.

After defining the Government's policy of strict neutrality and the other projected steps to preserve peace and the safety of British shipping, he said that when the French Ambassador had called upon him during the morning he had informed the diplomat of the British attitude in detail.

Within the past twenty-four hours, the Foreign Secretary continued, the French Government had expressed the desire to have the Non-Intervention Committee continue its work.

BLOCKADE OF PORTS

The Foreign Office, he added, had not yet received notification that the Spanish rebels intended to blockade any ports. Mr. Eden made it quite clear, however, that the right of search within the three-mile limit was different from that outside.

He announced, at the same time, that the Government intended to introduce legislation immediately rendering the carriage of arms to Spain in British ships an illegal act.

In short, the Government policy, he said, was to take no part in the Spanish civil war and to give no assistance to either side. The Government had no intention of according belligerent rights at sea to either side and consequently, British warships, if necessary, will protect merchant vessels on the high seas against interference by ships on either side outside the three-mile limit.

Reuter.

FRENCH ATTITUDE

Paris, Nov. 23.

France does not intend to grant belligerent rights to the insurgent forces in Spain, Reuter's correspondent was officially informed to-day. The French attitude towards the Non-Intervention Pact remains unaltered and, as has been pointed out frequently, is identical with that of Great Britain.

Reuter.

FRANCO'S REPLY

Hendaye, Nov. 24.

The British Ambassador, Chilton, Sir Henry received a reply from General Franco containing no mention of Barcelona, but indicating anchorage for British ships in Valencia, Alicante and other ports. Sir Henry Chilton again asked General Franco to give precise information.

Reuter's Bulletin Service.

SUBMARINE WARFARE

London, Nov. 23.

Germany has agreed to sign the protocol for the humanisation of submarine warfare, as provided under the recent London Naval Treaty.

The German Embassy here handed the Foreign Office a note to this effect to-day.

The Washington Treaty powers have already acceded to the protocol.

Reuter.

NOBEL PEACE PRIZE AWARDS

Oslo, Nov. 24.

The pacifist Ossietzky who was released on November 17 after three years in a Nazi concentration camp, was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1935 and the Argentine Foreign Minister, de Lamas, in 1938. Senor de Lamas was President of the League Assembly in October last when he made a striking speech asking whether civilisation was on the verge of a break-up.

Reuter's Bulletin Service.

LORD JELlicoe REMEMBERED

London, Nov. 24.

The tomb of Lord Jellicoe in the crypt of St. Paul's Cathedral was dedicated yesterday and at the same time a plaque to the memory of Sir Charles Madden, his Chief of Staff, was unveiled.

Tributes to the two great sailors were paid by Sir Samuel Hoare, First Lord of the Admiralty, and Admiral of Fleet Sir Ernle Chatfield.

British Wireless.

SPAIN ACCUSES GERMANY

Attack On Warships At Cartagena

Valencia, Nov. 24.

Definite allegations that Italian and German warships have aided the insurgent fleet, were made in a communique issued by the War Ministry, which declares that Italian and German ships have continually spied upon the Spanish loyal fleet in order to furnish the insurgents with the details of their movements.

It asserts that examination of debris of the torpedo fired into the cruiser Cervantes shows it was neither an Italian nor a Spanish missile.

Moreover, after the assault on the Cervantes, a German destroyer approached the entrance of the port of Cartagena, observed the results of the torpedo attack and then departed.

The communique further alleges that the port of Bilbao has been mined by a German cableship. The insurgents do not possess this type of vessel.

Reuter.

"NONSENSE"

Berlin, Nov. 24.

Official quarters here describe the Spanish allegations as "nonsense" and declare that German ships have other duties than spying.

Reuter.

DAMAGE CONFIRMED

London, Nov. 23.

News confirming the report that the Spanish cruiser Cervantes was seriously damaged yesterday, comes from the destroyer, H.M.S. Glowworm, through a communique despatched at 9 a.m. Sunday.

At that hour the destroyer saw a big explosion in the cruiser which resulted in the vessel taking a heavy list of from eight to ten degrees, and necessitated her being towed to harbour.

Reuter's Bulletin Service.

BRITISH DEFENCE PROGRAMME

London, Nov. 23.

In accordance with the undertaking given by the Prime Minister during the defence debate in the House of Commons, a deputation of private Conservative members, headed by Mr. Winston Churchill, was received by Mr. Baldwin this afternoon and a confidential discussion on details of the defence programme took place.

British Wireless.

INDEPENDENCE OF AUSTRIA

British Undertaking Still In Force

London, Nov. 23.

In a written reply to a Parliamentary question, Mr. Eden says the undertaking given by the Government on February 3, 1935, that they consider themselves to be among the Powers which will, as provided in the Rome Agreement of January, 1935, consult together if the independence and integrity of Austria is menaced, is still operative.

The Powers in question, are initially, France, Italy, the United Kingdom and Austria, with a possibility of extension to other Powers, as provided in the final sentence of the Rome Protocol regarding Central Europe and, in particular, Austria.

British Wireless.

MILITAMEN CHASE ENDED

Tientsin, Nov. 24.

The four hundred maritimes East Hopei militiamen who carried out a daring holdup of a train between Shanhaiwan and Tongshan on Friday, have been surrounded by Chinese and Japanese troops, and have surrendered and laid down their arms.

Major Furuta, Commander of the Japanese gendarmes at Tongshan, who was reported to have committed har-kiri on assuming responsibility for the breakdown of the arrangements for the transfer of the mutineers from Changli to Tongshan, was not fatally injured, although he is expected to die. He has been transferred to Shanhaiwan, where his wife and three children are at his bedside.

Reuter.

CORONATION COMMITMENTS

Latest Insurance Rates

London, Nov. 24.

Owing mainly to the heavy industrial and commercial commitments in connection with the Coronation and the desire of the underwriters to strictly curtail speculative business, Lloyd's latest rates against risk of postponement of this great event show a slight increase as compared with the previous weeks.

The rate for insurance paying for loss if the Coronation is postponed one day or more is now quoted at 20 guineas per cent, compared with 18 guineas a week ago.

The rate for insurance against postponement beyond 1937 is now 18 guineas per cent, an increase of one guinea as compared with last week's rates.

Insurance against postponement caused by the illness of the King or the death of any member of any member of the Royal Family is still rated about seven or eight guineas per cent, and apparently there is still a free market for such risks.

It is pointed out that when the underwriters have done as much business as they deem prudent, the rates must inevitably rise.

Reuter.

FOREIGN TRADE OF AUSTRIA

New Methods And Measures

(Hong Kong Daily Press Special)

Vienna, Nov. 24.

The new Austrian Trade Minister, Prof. Dr. Taucher, outlined the new methods and measures at a press reception on Monday. Dealing at length with foreign trade, he stated that trade with Germany occupied the first place in the Austrian budget, and that the further extension of economic relations with the Reich was of utmost importance to Austria.

In this connection the speaker mentioned the recent visit to Berlin of the Foreign Secretary, Dr. Schmidt, and stated that after the extremely favourable course his negotiations had taken, an early and mutually satisfactory conclusion of an Austro-German economic agreement could be looked forward to.

The Rome Protocols were also a great success to Austria's economic position. Hungary's good harvest had greatly contributed to furthering trade with that country, while regarding Italy it was to be hoped that the recently signed agreement would result in the difficulties arising from the devaluation being overcome.

Professor Dr. Taucher said that during his whole life he had never been a member of a single political party, and had now put his services at the disposal of the State merely as an expert.

Transocean News Service.

INDIAN PRINCE ROBBED

Cat Burglar's Haul At Hampstead

London, Nov. 24.

A cat burglar entered the Hampstead residence of Major-General Prince Bishnu Shamshere of Nepal last night.

The intruder climbed the stack pipe at the back of the house and entered through a bedroom window. He ransacked the upper rooms and stole jewellery valued at £10,000, including a double-row pearl necklace of the Princess, who was in the house at the time.

The Prince was absent from the house, having left for India on November 10.

Reuter.

LABOUR FRICTION IN AMERICA

Tampa, Florida, Nov. 24.

The American Federation of Labour convention voted to continue indefinitely the suspension of ten "rebel" Unions led by Mr. John Lewis.

This decision appears to end the efforts to bridge the gap between rival organisations.

Reuter.

LEITH-ROSS TALKS ON CHINA

OPTIMISM IN HER FUTURE

SYMPATHY WITH DIFFICULTIES OF JAPAN

London, November 24.

"Only if you can make journeys in Europe equal to those easily accomplishable in China without passing the districts where there are signs of trouble can you say that China is a more disorderly state than Europe," said Sir Frederick Leith-Ross at the guest of honour at the Royal Empire Society luncheon, at which Sir Archibald Weigall presided.

"Considering the huge size of the population, China is reasonably tranquil, and peaceful trade can be carried out without difficulty in most parts of the country," he asserted.

Co-operation Hopes

Sir Frederick drew attention to the amazing rapidity and extensiveness in the reforms and development carried out by the Government in the past five years both in roads and railway construction and legislative reform.

"The danger is not in China progressing too slowly but trying to go too fast," he said. "When I left China in June there were many prophets of gloom. In fact all has gone well, exchange has been maintained firmly without difficulty, communists in Shanghai have been driven back to the mountains the damage caused by smuggling has been circumscribed, the danger of civil war in the Southwest has been eliminated by agreement, and the National Government is now in full authority over the whole of China."

"General Chiang Kai-shek has shown himself a statesman of the first rank in handling the political situation."

"I believe public opinion stands firmly behind the present Government. They have done an immense amount in the face of great difficulties without external help to reconstruct China after long civil strife."

"We may hope the government under Gen. Chiang will continue long enough to consolidate the administration on a stable basis and evolve a constitutional system which will maintain stability in the future."

CURRENCY REFORM

The speaker paid a tribute to the success of currency reform.

He said that China was now probably a creditor on current international account. "Of course there was much yet to be done. Currency reform needs to be completed by reorganisation of the Central Bank, the budget needs to be balanced and the public service reformed and strengthened. I believe the Government are working on the right lines of fundamental conditions for development of trade at present."

Sir Frederick also paid a tribute to railway loan settlements as a genuine effort to put China's house in order so that it should be an open door for fresh long-term borrowing which is the right method of financing railway construction.

Welcoming Mr. Kirkpatrick's appointment, Sir Frederick Leith-Ross emphasised that our export guarantees are not subsidies. They run on strictly commercial lines of insurance against credit risks.

"But I believe that properly prepared schemes will entail no greater risk in China than other countries," he added.

He believed the main risk was the external political troubles and in this connection he quoted Mr. Eden's House of Commons statement on November 5 emphasizing definite indications of distinct easing off in Sino-Japanese tension and hopes that a revival of the former tense situation will be avoided.

JAPAN'S DIFFICULTIES

Referring to his two visits to Japan, Sir Frederick said that we should feel much sympathy for Japanese difficulties which are very similar to our own in maintaining a large population.

There is now a growing tendency among leading industrialists in Japan to admit that her difficulties are partly due to over-production with cut-throat competition between the Japanese themselves. There is a growing movement in favour of control of production and export trade.

"We have no desire to intensify the economic troubles of Japan so long as they recognise we cannot allow our industries to be upset. It is much to be hoped."

Reuter.

that some understanding for Anglo-Japanese co-operation can be reached.

"In conclusion I am distinctly an optimist about China. I feel the development of a prosperous and stable China will do more than anything else to help Japan overcome her economic difficulties. I believe this is becoming realized in Japan and the day will come when we can co-operate together with the Chinese Government in promoting reconstruction in China."

Reuter.

WORLD'S TIN STATISTICS

Good News To Producers

London, Nov. 24.

Good tidings of great joy were brought to tin producers by today's cheering statistics published by the International Tin Research Council.

The world apparent consumption has increased by 14 per cent in the year ended September 1936 to 153,162 tons despite 21.3 per cent drop in German consumption, which however, was amply atoned for by a large increase in that of other countries, especially the U.S.S.R., where the consumption rose to 8,870 tons or 32.4 per cent higher than in 1935.

This constitutes a record in Soviet consumption which has more than doubled during the last five years, thus placing the U.S.S.R. fourth in the list of world consumers.

The Council's figures may not have much direct effect on the London market where statistics for the period now some two months gone are likely to attract less attention than the fact that the United States saw fit to buy tin overnight, with consequent covering in the East. This occasions a pleasurable surprise in view of yesterday's weakness in Wall Street which was thought would have discouraged purchases of commodities.

Reuter.

ALL EMPIRE MAELS BY AIR

"Flight Clerk" On New Flying Boats

London, Nov. 24.

When the big Empire flying boats now under construction take over the operation of mail routes next year, each flying boat will have a "flight clerk" in its crew whose duties will be similar to those of a purser on board ship.

The magnitude of carrying out the task which will fall on Imperial Airways when all Empire mails go by air would represent 15,500,000 tons miles yearly. About 20 tons representing nearly 2,000,000 letters would be leaving England by air weekly.

British Wireless.

U.S. GOLD EXPORT

Washington, Nov. 24.

Mr. Henry Morgenthau has announced the abolition of the right of private individuals to export gold.

Gold exports in future will be made only through the Stabilization Fund to countries adhering to the monetary agreement concluded on October 13.

Reuter.

NOVEMBER REVIEWS

Great Britain And Europe

Various writers in this month's reviews suggest that Great Britain has special contributions to make towards a general European settlement, states "The Times."

In the "Nineteenth Century" Sir George Schuster hails the currency agreement as a great achievement but by itself it will not be enough; "the main power to break the ice-land remains in our hands"; can we afford to modify our fiscal policy so as to admit more European manufactured products? This is the key question, and we cannot escape the responsibility. Mr. Peter Hutton argues that the Church has other enemies besides Communism; its opponents are equally capitalism and Fascism. Lieutenant-Colonel H. de Waverille treats of the German Army as it is now. Sir Norman Angell, who asks what Britain's defensive policy is, reveals a tangle of motives; we have undermined our own security by not being honest in our dealings with the League; we have feared to retire from it and feared to make it a success. Sir Gerald Birlhouse suggests in what respects the Factory Acts need amendment. Mr. C. R. Buxton sums up on the Yosemite conference of the Institute of Pacific Relations; the questions to be faced are: How much will Japan give up? How much will China compromise? Japan's position must be to some extent recognized, but China's real interests must not be sacrificed.

"CONTEMPORARY REVIEW"

In the "Contemporary" Sir Alfred Zimmern looks squarely at Europe in the latest phase: military Germany is in complete control of her territory, but the German problem cannot be solved from outside; the League has failed, for the world was not ready for it; its failure leaves its members deeply divided. But rearmament is not necessarily the prelude to war, and Great Britain could do much for appeasement. If the British people realized their duty, we must assume our own responsibilities; the precedent of monetary agreement suggests agreements in other spheres. Lord Allen of Hurtwood has just returned from Nuremberg; in a general settlement British initiative is vital: "Germany would infinitely prefer to be associated with Britain, France, and Russia than to be driven into the ambit of Italian influence." Mr. J. H. Harley discusses Labour's "divided mind": it wants a Nero, but not a Duce or a Führer. Austria "after the compromise" is, according to Dr. E. Benedikt, able to maintain stability—no mean achievement. Mr. F. S. Marvin argues that Spain's agony is the concern of all; the League has its duty here, but "have we the will, the courage, the competence" to act?

"FORTNIGHTLY"

In the "Fortnightly" Mr. D. W. Brogan believes that the Democrats will probably elect Mr. Roosevelt, but "it is never safe to prophesy unless you know." Mr. Stephen Leacock explains the prospects of social and other credit in Alberta. "The prosperity certificate will die. The social credit dividend will never be born. The old debts will be scaled down. The new will grow up. The Aberhart party will go out. The Conservatives will come in. They always do." M. Blum's "revolution" is examined by Mr. Philip Carr; there is a rise in prices in prospect, but it must not be too great so as to upset the labour equilibrium, or prevent the gradual return to relative free trade. Mr. W. Horsfall Carter, who is "sure that the insurgent generals at most can only win the first round," regrets that our Government at home has been "more misled about the Spanish maelstrom than about any large-scale event since the Russian revolution"; Spain's peril is not from the Communist side but from the ambitions of anti-democratic dictators.

"NATIONAL REVIEW"

The "National Review" notes that the effect of King Leopold's speech is that "the cardboard edifice of Locarno can finally join the rest of the pacifist scenery, and the League of Nations is now stripped to the buff." "It was hoped," says another note, "by all who have the welfare of the country at heart that Mr. Chamberlain's acting Premiership would by now have become an actual Premiership." Mr. Alan Lennox-Boyd, M.P., shows that Merthyr Tydfil is as depressed as ever; something is radically wrong with a society which accepts such a town's permanent idleness as inevitable.

SPEECHES BY GOERING AND GOEBBELS

BRITAIN CANNOT BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR GERMAN HARDSHIPS

Sir Eric Phipps, British Ambassador in Berlin, acting on instructions from Mr. Eden, called recently at the German Foreign Office, states the "Evening Standard."

He drew "the friendly attention" of the German Government to speeches recently made by General Goering and Dr. Goebbels.

Sir Eric pointed out that the British Government cannot accept the implications which seem to be contained in those speeches that any hardship which may be suffered by the German population can in any way be attributed to the policy of the British Government.

A Berlin message, reporting Sir Eric's call at the Foreign Office, added: "What is regarded as an inspired reply to British criticisms of General Goering's speech was contained in an editorial in the 'Berliner Tageblatt' on November 2. This compared the criticism with the attitude of 'wealthy people who dislike nothing more than when the poor begin to wonder about the riches of other people. The Germans are willing to forget, but there is one thing they cannot forget and that is the manner in which they were turned out of their colonies'."

General Goering, speaking last Wednesday on Herr Hitler's four-year plan, said:

"Our colonies were stolen from us. We want to share in the world's raw material sources and we shall get them. We would buy raw materials if they had not stolen our gold reparations."

"In Germany there are 136 inhabitants to each square kilometre. In England there are 137. Allowing for the intelligence of the English, the one man extra could easily be deducted from the calculation. But England for its 137 inhabitants per square kilometre has one third of the whole world as a colony."

Dr. Goebbels, speaking on Friday, dealt with English criticisms of Goering's speech and said:

"If English newspapers reply to General Goering's speech by saying that we can buy raw materials then we must reply that that is an insolent and insulting argument."

CLASSIFICATION OF PONIES

The following is the latest pony classification list issued by the Hong Kong Jockey Club:

CHINA PONIES

Mistake Bay	to A Class
Bright View	to B Class
Wild Life	to B Class
Miracle	to D Class

In the "Empire Review" Lord Selborne notes the peril of the Constitution in face of Socialist threats; it is the Government's duty to make them ineffectual. Writing on the League Lord Davies holds that the British Commonwealth must take the lead in the establishment of an international force. Mr. F. R. Hely-Hutchinson is suspicious of reforms of the League or the Covenant; the Western Powers had better not commit themselves again. Mr. D. Bourke-Borrowes suggests the transference of the Arabs from Palestine into Transjordan.

"ENGLISH REVIEW"

In the enlarged "English Review" Mr. Derek Walker-Smith among other things notes that various countries are now looking "inward" more than before; would that we could do the same, especially with our distressed areas to relieve. Mr. Douglas Jerrold in an article explains how it is that the positive State is the fact of the age; but is the Conservative Party capable of facing the practical questions of the hour? Much depends on that party, for the positive State is working for the happiness of the opposite of the next generation, which may hate and therefore rise in revolution against a world created for it by its predecessor. Mr. Randolph Hughes reports with what energy the Germans are adapting themselves to the needs of the future. Dr. Cloudestey Brereton treats of the rise and decline of Norfolk agriculture.

In "World Review" Mr. Vernon Bartlett, fresh from Spain, deplors the refusal of Whitehall and Paris to help a progressive Government against the reactionary Franco movement. The Prime Minister of Czechoslovakia declares that his

THE RED VIEWPOINT

On Spanish Situation

ITALIAN AND GERMAN INSOLENCE

Moscow, Nov. 13

"Pravda" publishes an article, commenting on the events in Spain, pointing out that the previous work of the London Committee hardly inspired the conviction that the Committee will in future regard with greater seriousness the problem confronting it—to put an end to fascist intervention in Spain. Numerous new facts, articles and statements, recently published in the international press, clearly prove that the intervention of fascist states has not only not discontinued, but contrarywise, is daily acquiring an ever greater scale.

"BECOMING MORE INSOLENT"

The non-resistance to the criminal intervention of fascist states in Spanish affairs therefore results in the fact, that Germany, Italy and Portugal are becoming ever more insolent, and are preparing to pass from more or less masked to absolutely open and direct intervention in Spain. This is proved, in particular, by the information concerning the preparation of an Italo-German descent upon Catalonia.

Pointing out further, that the fascist states are placing their hopes upon the rebels being able to seize Madrid and to connect this with certain calculations of an international nature, the article states: "These calculations are far from reality. It is very doubtful that states not belonging to the fascist camp, primarily France and England, will decide to recognize General Franco's government, even in case the rebels are successful in temporarily seizing Madrid."

"THE POPULAR FRONT"

"It is clear for the entire world, that the Government of the Popular Front, elected by way of the most free and democratic elections, represents the only legitimate government of Spain. Even if the French and British Governments, yielding to the threats of the fascist states, would begin considering General Franco's government as the legitimate government, this would certainly arouse the deepest indignation of public opinion in these countries and would have most serious consequences."

Analyzing the situation on the Madrid front, the article states: "The continual battles at the approaches to Madrid vividly prove that its defense is strengthening daily." The article points out, that the temporary removal of the Spanish Government to Valencia enables it to direct the organization of the activities of the anti-fascist forces throughout Spain and thus accelerate the final liquidation of the military fascist rebellion.

"The peoples of the Soviet Union," the article states, "are firmly convinced of the near victory of the Spanish people over the rebel generals and the agents of international fascism."—(Tass).

WOMAN M.P. TO TELEWISE

Will Tell Of Historic Role

A fresh honour has fallen to Miss Florence Horsbrugh, senior M.P. for Dundee, states the "Bulletin."

As the first woman member of Parliament to move the Address in reply to the Speech from the Throne, she has been asked by the B.B.C. and has agreed to take part in a television programme from Alexandra Palace.

Strictly speaking, she will not be the first M.P. to televise, as Major Tryon (Postmaster-General) had that experience when officially opening the television service recently.

SAME DRESS

Nevertheless, Miss Horsbrugh will be the first M.P. to televise in an ordinary B.B.C. programme. Miss Horsbrugh will be seen on the television screen wearing the same dark brown velvet evening dress which she wore when moving the Address. She will tell how she felt while making her House of Commons speech and relate generally what it is to go through such an experience.

country stands for peace and co-operation, and emphasizes the great role which can be played by Britain in a general European settlement.

HERE'S GOOD NEWS!

Staggering Prices For Flats

IN LONDON DURING CORONATION WEEK

Staggering prices are already being asked for furnished flats in London for Coronation week next May.

For seven days' occupation of a furnished service flat in the St. James's district—two bed and dressing rooms, one reception room and bathroom—I was asked yesterday to pay £472 10s, states a Special Correspondent of the "Daily Mirror."

This works out at an annual rental of nearly £25,000.

But so keen is the desire to see the Coronation, so enormous is the demand for luxury flats on the route, that it is believed someone will cheerfully pay this price.

Wealthy people in the British Isles and from the Dominions, the Colonies, and from the United States are determined to be in the very centre of the Coronation festivities at any price.

The demand from America for the Coronation week accommodation is one factor that has sent rocketing the price of furnished flats on and off the route.

For another furnished flat on the route in the St. James district, but containing only one bedroom, 300 guineas was asked for the week.

And there is little fear, I was told, that it will not be let.

More surprising still perhaps are the prices now being demanded for luxury flats off the Coronation route in the West End.

U.S. TO SNUB CORONATION?

Congressman Plans Bill To Prohibit Attendance

A bill in Congress prohibiting Americans from attending King Edward's coronation or marriage will be submitted at the next session by Representative Clarence Cannon, Missouri Democrat. It was learned recently, states a Washington message to the "Manila Bulletin."

Congressman Cannon, in a statement to the press, revealed reasons for his proposed law.

It is improper for a free republic, he said, to participate in an "obsequious homage to a hereditary ruler." Furthermore, he added, England had not paid her war debt to America and a debtor has "no right to waste huge sums of money in needless display."

It was recalled that Congressman Cannon some years ago proposed a law prohibiting American heiresses from marrying titled foreigners. The law was not seriously considered by Congress.

At one great block of flats with no view of the Coronation procession, one hundred guineas for the week is being asked for one bedroom, one reception and one bathroom. True, it is beautifully furnished.

Furnished flats in fashionable squares behind Buckingham Palace with no view of the Coronation, of course, can be had at prices from about twenty to fifty guineas for Coronation week, but many of these are on top floor—even the sixth and seventh—and some of them do not include service.

AEROPLANE MOUSETRAPS

Unwanted Visitors' Appetites

CRAVING FOR "DOPE"

The service department of Airwork, Limited, at Heston airport has had to add mousetraps to the inventory of apparatus required in the overhaul of aeroplanes. The owner of a light aeroplane just delivered to the company for attention included in his instructions the order to "clear out all mice definitely and completely." The overhaul department, after considering cats and the limitations which an aeroplane wing might place on their movements, and ferrets and the disadvantages associated with their peculiar scent, decided in favour of mousetraps and cheese. The experiment is in progress, states "The Times."

This is not the first time that mice have made their homes in aeroplane structures. A nest was found recently inside a wing when it was stripped for inspection, and some pilots are proud of the unofficial passengers whose scratchings can be heard when the engine is switched off. In metal aeroplanes the presence of mice need cause no anxiety, but in wooden machines the thought that the spruce of spar or rib may be making meals for the rodents is more than a little disturbing. Even in big metal-framed aircraft it is undesirable that the kapok used for sound-proofing should be gradually removed from the double skin of a cabin wall to make nests for mice.

WINGS HOLED DAILY

If at last mousetraps are to belong to the affairs of aviation, it may also become necessary to make things aeronautical less attractive to other creatures. The Navy is reported to have had much to do to preserve its wings from the seagulls. The spirituous flavour of dope on the wings of those seaplanes, which sit meekly on the launching decks of cruisers until they are wanted would seem to suit the seagull palate too well, and many a good wing, holed daily by visiting gulls, has come to look like a patchwork quilt before its time. Every venturesome pilot of a sailplane likewise knows how embarrassing may be the appetite of crows for wing fabric if he lands perforce in their pasture.

On the other side of the fence are those who suspect the aeroplane as the carrier of evil things. Mosquitoes had to be banished from the neighbourhoods of West African aerodromes before the mail service from Khartoum to Lagos might begin. In some countries—Iran, for example—one may be asked to declare one's aeroplane as free from rats. Where there is the fear of yellow fever the passengers who come by air may be received with suspicion. So far the mice have caused no serious stir, and one may doubt whether the average ground engineer learned the art of trap-setting in his pre-nice days, yet the day may come when his various licences will have to include proof of skill in dealing with mice.

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RAILWAY CUP

R.H.K.G. Club Ladies' Section Competition

The draw for the Railway Cup, run under the auspices of the Royal Hong Kong Golf Club (Ladies' Section) has resulted as follows:—

FIRST ROUND

Mrs. Withington v. Miss Goodrich.
Mrs. Challinor v. Mrs. Fraser.
Mrs. Walker v. Mrs. Wolf.
Mrs. Roffey v. Mrs. Roberts.
Mrs. Forbes v. Mrs. Crapnell.
Mrs. Hillier v. Mrs. Wodehouse.
Mrs. Valentine v. Miss Stevenson.
Mrs. Maitland v. Mrs. Cassidy.
Mrs. Garner v. Mrs. Robertson.
Madame Jusserand v. Mrs. Sherry.

2ND ROUND

Mrs. McGowan v. Mrs. Redmond.
Mrs. Gilmore v. Bye.
Mrs. Woodward v. Mrs. Mackenzie.
Mrs. Lissaman v. Bye.

1st Round to be completed by December 15.

2nd Round to be completed by December 29.

3rd Round to be completed by January 12, 1937.

Semi-final to be completed by January 26, 1937.

The first named player is responsible for fixing the match.

SHIELD FOOTBALL INCIDENT

Emergency Committee To Meet

The incident which led to the abandonment by the referee of Saturday's Senior Shield football match between Kowloon Chinese and Club, played at the Valley, will come before the Emergency Committee for investigation today.

THE FAR EAST

Hope Of A Solution

Mr. Anthony Eden, in the House of Commons stated in regard to the situation in the Far East: I turn to another and more distant part of the world, the Far East. Relations between Japan and China were not long ago such as to give rise to some anxiety, but I am happy to say that there have been definite indications lately of a distinct easing of the tension. Discussions have been proceeding at Nanking between them. There appears to be ground for hoping that a revival of the former tense situation will be avoided. His Majesty's Government earnestly trust that this will be the case and that a solution of the matters under discussion will be reached and will put relations between the two countries on a stable and friendly footing. I make no apology for thus showing the interest of His Majesty's Government in the course of these negotiations, although we are not directly engaged in them. In the Far East where there are so many important and long-established British interests we cannot afford to watch events with detachment. On that account and because of our desire to see peace established and maintained throughout the world we wish well to these negotiations.

Having given some outline of the international situation and of its salient features I want to say a word or two more about the position of our own country and our own Government. The picture that I have given to the House, though admittedly incomplete, shows an international situation serious enough, but I am not myself a believer in the inevitability of catastrophe. I am a believer in this, that the future peace of Europe very largely depends on the part that we play. (Cheers.) In this connection I was glad to note the interpretation placed by an important German newspaper on the gracious speech. It is there interpreted as this country's resolve once again to take the lead. That is precisely our intention. What is it that we wish to take the lead to secure? A European settlement firmly and securely based is a vital British interest. We shall obtain no such settlement, we shall not be able to give the restored authority to the League which we seek to give and are determined to do our utmost to give, unless we possess strength both of purpose and of arm. (Cheers.) We shall obtain no such European settlement and no

UNIVERSITY PROSPECTS

Oxford's Team-Strength

First inspection of the athletic talent available at Illey-road and Fenner's this term suggests that during the coming University year Cambridge will win the Sports in March, and Oxford the relays on December 3, states R.A. Hewins.

In their president, A. G. K. Brown, F. R. Webster, the pole-vaulter, A. Irfan, the Turkish weight-putter, and R. K. I. Kennedy, the high jumper, Cambridge have four names to play with of the highest order in the history of University athletics. But once one has mentioned them, it at present seems as if the C.U.A.C. is strangely lacking in that abundance of good average material which has stood it in such good stead for so many years past. On the other hand the C.U.A.C., which has had as many stars as Cambridge for many years, but has lacked corresponding supporting talent, only boasts of one outstanding athlete, the secretary and sprinter, A. Pennington, but has a host of extremely useful athletes in the second category. If Alec Nelson at Cambridge or Bill Thomas at Oxford can "make" a few athletes, the prospects as they stand at present may be completely upset, and there is no knowing what those great coaches cannot do. If they can pull some chestnuts out of the fire they will only make what already promises to be an unusually interesting year the more interesting. Cambridge, after two years on the crest of the wave, appear to be temporarily on the down grade, while Oxford, if not on the up grade, appear to be set for a temporary renaissance. That is to say the pendulum, most constant of all University sporting phenomena except in rowing, is balanced. The side which gets the swing this year may well feel the benefit thereof for the next two or even three years.

Among many as yet unknown factors the most vital is A. G. K. Brown's capacity to perform in more than two events on the same afternoon without showing the strain. At his best he is probably capable of winning the hundred, quarter, and half from any man at Oxford, by a considerable margin—indeed even in the Relays of turning defeat into victory over the events run at those distances, and in the 4 x 220 yards as well. Moreover, he should, if he has made normal improvement on his Public Schools Sports form, have more than an outside chance of also taking the long jump. If he could thus win four events in the Sports, on one day he would equal the wonderful record of R. M. N. Tidall.

A.G.K. BROWN'S RESERVE

In considering this possibility—so vital for Oxford (and indeed for Cambridge)—one must remember that Tidall's events were less exhausting. Two were field events (the weight and the long jump), and the other two were the quarter and the 220 yards low hurdles. One must also remember that Brown, like T. Hampson, winner of the Olympic 800 metres at Los Angeles, has shown a definite disinclination for more than one (or possibly two) events on the same afternoon. Tidall, on the other hand, revelled at having a go at everything. There is no implied criticism of Brown in this distinction. He is simply made that way, as so many athletes are; and in the same way as J. E. Lovelock is made simply to give one world-beating performance a season. Moreover, a scattering of his energies is contrary to the system on which Brown has built up his fame with such notable success.

Brown holds the British record for the 100 yards; the Sports record for the quarters; the Fenner's record for the half; and he was second, as everybody knows, in the Olympic 400 metres, and the anchor man in our victorious 4 x 400 metres relay team. His long jumping fame is based on having won the public Schools Sports event with 21 ft. 11½ in. in what next March will be four years ago. What is more, he is a shrewd and extremely strong athlete. There is no knowing the possibilities of such a man.

Looking at the personnel at Cambridge and at Oxford in Brown's events, it seems as if Brown will practically be forced to put himself in the four events.

such restored authority to the League without it. Our re-equipment has to be all-embracing. "The Times."

YOUNG PLAYERS

Controversy At Home

Football clubs were very much incensed over the recent case of young Horton, the back for whose signature Huddersfield Town and Manchester City vied and who was the subject of an official inquiry.

They are now interested in another schemozzle whereby a Midland League player has signed forms for two clubs, states a Home paper.

Behind this scenes is much conjecture over the future of one Wilcox who, the other week, was booked for Derby County.

It now transpires that this promising young back is on Sheffield Wednesday's books as an amateur on Central League forms. Which means, in plain language, that Derby County hold the player's registration as a professional, but may not play him except in their first or colts' team. He cannot play in Central League matches in view of his having signed Central League forms for the Wednesday.

Mr. George Jobey, the Derby manager, has signed Wilcox for a fee of £500. Now football heads are wondering what will happen in view of Sheffield Wednesday's hold on the player. Meanwhile, of course, Wilcox is in training at the County's headquarters.

There's a grumble on just now behind the scenes about League clubs offering too much money for Midland League players, thus spoiling the market for others.

While others grumble, however, West Ham and Doncaster Rovers chuckle. Here are the reasons for their respective merriment: William Guest, the Hammers' outside-left—£175 paid to Denaby; George Bycroft, the Rovers' centre half-back—£175 paid to Grantham.

Both are doing well in Second Division football. Why pay more?

CLOSING DAY

The Annual "Closing Day" and distribution of prizes will take place on Saturday next commencing at 2.30 p.m.

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SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"TAIYUAN"	On 28th Nov., Noon
SWATOW, SHAI, TIENTSIN, HONGKONG & HAINAN	"YOHOW"	On 29th Nov., Noon
SWATOW, AMOY, POOCHOW, CHIOFOO & TIENTSIN	"KWANGTUNG"	On 30th Nov., 4 p.m.
SWATOW, AMOY, POOCHOW, CHIOFOO & TIENTSIN	"ANHUI"	On 1st Dec., 1 p.m.
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SWATOW, SHAI & TIENTSIN	"NINGHAI"	On 5th Dec., 10 a.m.
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SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"TSINAN"	On 7th Dec., 5 p.m.
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SWATOW, AMOY, POOCHOW, CHIOFOO & TIENTSIN	"ANSUN"	On 11th Dec., 3 p.m.
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Canton, Messageries, November 27.
Changte, B. & S., December 8.
Changte, B. & S., December 8.
Changte, B. & S., December 8.
Comorin, P. & O., November 28.
Conte Rosso, Lloyd Triestino, Nov. 28.
Conte Rosso, Lloyd Triestino, Nov. 28.
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Haiyang, Douglas, November 27.
Santhia, B.I. (Apar), Nov. 27.
Tjibadak, J.C.J. Line, Nov. 27.
Anhui, B. & S., November 28.
Kingyuan, B. & S., November 28.
Hosin Maru, O.S.K., Nov. 29.
Haitan, Douglas, December 1.
Tainan, B. & S., December 4.
Haining, Douglas, December 4.
Hong Kong Maru, O.S.K., Dec. 4.
Talamba, B.I. (Apar), December 10.
Hai Lee, Thoresen's, Dec. 12.
Talma, B.I. (Apar), December 24.

Eastward

FROM HONG KONG TO NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICA.

Batavia.
Gertrude Maersk, Jenson's, Nov. 27.
Union, States Co., November 28.
Phanias, B. & S., December 1.
Noto Maru, N.Y.K., December 3.
Kwanai Maru, O.S.K., December 7.
Tai Ping, Doddwell's, Dec. 18.
Peter Maersk, Jenson's, December 28.
Batavia.
Gertrude Maersk, Jenson's, Nov. 27.
Union, States Co., November 28.
Phanias, B. & S., December 1.
Noto Maru, N.Y.K., December 3.
Kwanai Maru, O.S.K., December 7.
Tai Ping, Doddwell's, Dec. 18.
Peter Maersk, Jenson's, December 28.

Southward

FROM HONG KONG TO COAST PORTS AND JAPAN

Amoy.
Fukukun Maru, O.S.K., Nov. 25.
Nanchang, B. & S., Nov. 25.
Haiyang, Douglas, November 27.
Santhia, B.I. (Apar), Nov. 27.
Tjibadak, J.C.J. Line, Nov. 27.
Anhui, B. & S., November 28.
Kingyuan, B. & S., November 28.
Hosin Maru, O.S.K., Nov. 29.
Haitan, Douglas, December 1.
Tainan, B. & S., December 4.
Haining, Douglas, December 4.
Hong Kong Maru, O.S.K., Dec. 4.
Talamba, B.I. (Apar), December 10.
Hai Lee, Thoresen's, Dec. 12.
Talma, B.I. (Apar), December 24.

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Noto Maru, N.Y.K., December 3.
Kwanai Maru, O.S.K., December 7.
Tai Ping, Doddwell's, Dec. 18.
Peter Maersk, Jenson's, December 28.

Southward

FROM HONG KONG TO COAST PORTS AND JAPAN

Amoy.
Fukukun Maru, O.S.K., Nov. 25.
Nanchang, B. & S., Nov. 25.
Haiyang, Douglas, November 27.
Santhia, B.I. (Apar), Nov. 27.
Tjibadak, J.C.J. Line, Nov. 27.
Anhui, B. & S., November 28.
Kingyuan, B. & S., November 28.
Hosin Maru, O.S.K., Nov. 29.
Haitan, Douglas, December 1.
Tainan, B. & S., December 4.
Haining, Douglas, December 4.
Hong Kong Maru, O.S.K., Dec. 4.
Talamba, B.I. (Apar), December 10.
Hai Lee, Thoresen's, Dec. 12.
Talma, B.I. (Apar), December 24.

Eastward

FROM HONG KONG TO NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICA.

Batavia.
Gertrude Maersk, Jenson's, Nov. 27.
Union, States Co., November 28.
Phanias, B. & S., December 1.
Noto Maru, N.Y.K., December 3.
Kwanai Maru, O.S.K., December 7.
Tai Ping, Doddwell's, Dec. 18.
Peter Maersk, Jenson's, December 28.
Batavia.
Gertrude Maersk, Jenson's, Nov. 27.
Union, States Co., November 28.
Phanias, B. & S., December 1.
Noto Maru, N.Y.K., December 3.
Kwanai Maru, O.S.K., December 7.
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Swatow & Shanghai
SS. "KWAISANG" 25 Nov. at 2 p.m.
SS. "TAKSANG" 2 Dec. at 4 p.m.
SS. "PROMINENT" 29 Nov. at Noon
SHANGHAI DIRECT
SS. "CHAKSANG" 29 Nov. at 10 a.m.

To TSINGTAO
via
Swatow & Shanghai
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SS. "TAKSANG" 2 Dec. at 4 p.m.
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SHANGHAI DIRECT
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To SANDAKAN
SS. "MAUSANG" 4 Dec. at 11 a.m.
SS. "HINSANG" 1 Dec. at 11 a.m.

To TIENTSIN via SWATOW, POOCHOW, CHIOFOO, CHIOFOO & TIENTSIN
SS. "HANGSANG" 27 Nov. at 5 a.m.
SS. "HOFSANG" 4 Dec. at 8 a.m.

To KOBE & OSAKA
SS. "KOMSANG" 1 Dec. at 7 a.m.
SS. "KUTSANG" 18 Dec. at 7 a.m.

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TO EUROPE via CANADA & UNITED STATES

Cross Canada on a Canadian Pacific air conditioned train . . . through the Famous Canadian Rockies . . . stop at Lake Louise . . . Banff . . . Luxurious Canadian Pacific Hotels are at your disposal.

From Montreal or Quebec Canadian Pacific Trans-Atlantic Liners carry you by the sheltered St. Lawrence Seaway to Europe.

Or if you wish itinerary can be arranged to carry you through the United States to connect with Trans-Atlantic Liners from Montreal or Quebec.

Full information, rates, etc. from




SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports and Honolulu.
CHICHIBU MARU . . . Wednesday, 25th Nov. at 6 a.m.
TATSUTA MARU . . . Wednesday, 9th Dec.
ASAMA MARU . . . Wednesday, 6th Jan.

SEATTLE & VANCOUVER.
HEIAN MARU (Starts from Kobe) Monday, 30th Nov.
HIKAWA MARU (Starts from Kobe) Wednesday, 16th Dec.

NEW YORK via Panama.
+ NOTO MARU . . . Thursday, 3rd Dec.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

HEIYO MARU . . . Friday, 4th Dec.
LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM
HAKONE MARU . . . Saturday, 5th Dec.
SUWA MARU . . . Saturday, 19th Dec.
FUSHIMI MARU . . . Saturday, 2nd Jan.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Beyrouth, Istanbul, Piraeus, and Marseilles

DAKAR MARU . . . Monday, 14th Dec.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila and Ports.
KAMO MARU . . . Saturday, 28th Nov.
ATSUTA MARU . . . Saturday, 26th Dec.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang and Colombo.
+ TOKIWA MARU . . . Saturday, 28th Nov.
+ GENOA MARU . . . Monday, 7th Dec.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.
+ HAKODATE MARU . . . Sunday, 29th Nov.
+ LISBON MARU . . . Monday, 7th Dec.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
TANGA MARU . . . Friday, 27th Nov.
HAKOZAKI MARU . . . Friday, 4th Dec.
TERAKUNI MARU . . . Tuesday, 16th Dec.
KITANO MARU (Naked direct) Monday, 21st Dec.

† Cargo only.

GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS IN THE ORIENT FOR
CUNARD WHITE STAR LINE.

Tel. 30291



FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

Sailings from Hong Kong:

To SHANGHAI — KOBE.

PREA DOUMER . . . 27th Nov., 1936.
D'ARTAGNAN . . . 12th Dec., 1936.
CHENONCEAUX . . . 28th Dec., 1936.
JEAN LABORDE . . . 5th Jan., 1937.
ARABIS . . . 22nd Jan., 1937.

To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port Said.

MARCELLE JOFFRE 1st Dec., 1936.
PREA DOUMER . . . 14th Dec., 1936.
D'ARTAGNAN . . . 29th Dec., 1936.
CHENONCEAUX . . . 12th Jan., 1937.
JEAN LABORDE 28th Jan., 1937.

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Syrian Ports, East Africa, Madagascar by Transshipment on our Mail Steamers at Port Said or Djibouti.

For Full Particulars, apply to—

Cie. Des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,
telephone 26681 3, Queen's Building.

Shipping News Daily Statement, Clearances, Ships in Harbour, etc.

MOVEMENTS OF SHIPS

To-Day's Arrivals

(BY T. S. M.)

S.S. "SHANTUNG"

The S.S. "Shantung" of the China Navigation Co. Ltd. (Butterfield and Swire, Agents) will arrive here to-day, and will berth at one of the Harbour Buoys.

She comes from Shanghai and Foochow, and will leave here again for Foochow and Shanghai on Saturday, November 28 at 6.00 p.m.

Letters of destination will be received at the General Post Office up to 4.30 p.m. on Saturday, November 28.

M.S. "JAVA"

The M.S. "Java" of the East Asiatic Co. Limited is due here this morning, and will berth at one of the Harbour Buoys.

She comes from Shanghai, and will leave here for Singapore, Port Said, Jaffa, Haifa, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Copenhagen and other Scandinavian and Baltic Ports this afternoon.

Letters of destination will be received at the General Post Office up to 3.30 p.m. to-day.

S.S. "TIBERAK"

The S.S. "Tiberak" of the Java-China-Japan Line is due here to-day, and will be moored to one of the Harbour Buoys.

She comes from Java, and will sail for Amoy and Shanghai on Friday, November 27 at 1.00 p.m.

S.S. "SOMALI"

The S.S. "Somali" of the P. and O. E. and A. B. I. and Apcar Lines will arrive here to-morrow, and will berth alongside the Kowloon Wharf.

She comes from the Straits, and will leave here for Shanghai and Japan on Friday, November 27.

S.S. "COMORIN"

The S.S. "Comorin" of the P. and O. Line is expected to arrive here to-morrow at 7.00 a.m., and will berth alongside the Kowloon Wharf.

She comes from the Straits and Europe (via Suez) with the outward English Mails, and will leave here for Shanghai and Japan on Friday, November 27 at Noon.

Letters of destination will be received at the General Post Office up to 10.30 a.m. on Friday, November 27.

S.S. "SANTHA"

The S.S. "Santha" of the P. and O. E. and A. B. I. and Apcar Lines (Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents) is expected to arrive here on Friday, November 27, a.m., and will berth alongside the Kowloon Wharf.

She comes from Calcutta and the Straits, and will leave here for Amoy, Shanghai and Japan on Friday, November 27, p.m.

S.S. "CANTON"

The S.S. "Canton" of Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes will arrive here on Friday, and will be moored to one of the Harbour Buoys.

She comes from Hongkong, and will leave here again for Hongkong on Saturday, November 28.

Letters of destination will be received at the General Post

NEWS FROM THE WATERFRONT

Freight And Asiatic Passengers Returns

(BY LONGSHOREMAN).

During the 24 hours ended at 9.00 a.m. yesterday, the freight returns, received from the Harbour Office, showed a fairly high tonnage movement, a large proportion of which being made up by British ships.

The total tonnage of general cargo carried by vessels to the Colony was 14,985 tons, with British steamers carrying 4,757 tons.

Through cargo for ports beyond the Colony amounted to 27,559 tons, of which 20,354 tons were carried by British steamers.

Asiatic deck passengers entering into the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9.00 a.m. yesterday were 526, of which 135 were from British steamers.

There were altogether seven arrivals, of which three were of British registry, the remainder being of other nationalities, while of the nine departures, five were British ships, the rest being of other different countries. Particulars as follows:—

Nationality	Ships	Tonnage
British	3	25,111
German	1	1,400
Japanese	3	16,013
Total	7	42,524

Office up to 2.00 p.m. on Saturday, November 28.

S.S. "PRESIDENT MCKINLEY"
The S.S. "President McKinley" of the Dollar Steamship Line is due here on Friday, and will berth alongside the Kowloon Wharf.

She comes from Manila, and will leave here for Shanghai, Japan, U.S.A., Central and South America, Canada and Europe (via San Francisco—due San Francisco, December 20) and Europe (via Siberia) on Saturday, November 28 at mid-night.

Parcels will be received at the General Post Office up to 4.00 p.m., while registered articles and letters of destination will be received up to 5.00 p.m. and 5.30 p.m. on Saturday, November 28.

S.S. "G.G. PAUL DOUMER"
The S.S. "G.G. Paul Doumer" of Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes will arrive here on Friday, and will be moored to one of the Harbour Buoys.

She comes from Hongkong, and will sail for Port Bayard, Hothow, Pakhoi and Hongkong on Monday, November 30.

Letters of destination will be received at the General Post Office up to 1.00 p.m. on Monday, November 30.

S.S. "TANGO MARU"
The S.S. "Tango Maru" of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha Line is due here on Friday morning, and will berth alongside the Kowloon Wharf.

She comes from the Straits, and will leave here for Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama on Friday afternoon, November 27.

S.S. "KAMO MARU"
The S.S. "Kamo Maru" of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha Line

ARRIVALS

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24.

Corneville, Norwegian steamer, 2,747 tons, Captain O. Carlsen, from Singapore via Manila, general cargo, buoy No. A3—Bank Line.

Hang Sang, British steamer, 1,356 tons, Capt. R. J. G. Hopkins, from Tientsin via Swatow, general cargo, buoy No. B8—J. M. & Co.

Unita, Norwegian steamer, 2,345 tons, Captain A. Tjelhelm, from Milke, buoy No. A12—M. B. K.

Kwangtung, British steamer, 1,572 tons, Captain N. Hardie, from Shanghai via Swatow, general cargo, lying at buoy No. B15—B. & S.

Anhui, British steamer, 2,080 tons, Captain J. D. Fraser, from Penang via Singapore, general cargo, lying at buoy No. B14—B. & S.

Nanchang, British steamer, 1,488 tons, Capt. P. J. Green, from Canton, lying at Tsun Wan—B. & S.

Yang Tse, French steamer, 4,599 tons, Captain Daumes, from Dunkirk via Haiphong, general cargo, Kowloon Wharf—M. M. & Co.

Himalaya Maru, Japanese steamer, 3,187 tons, Captain T. Kawamata, from Calcutta via Singapore, lying at buoy No. A5—O. S. K.

Emp. of Russia, British steamer, 3,789 tons, Captain G. Good, from Manila, general cargo, berthing at Kowloon Wharf—C. F. S.

Seistan, British steamer, 1,571 tons, Captain R. C. Greer, from Swatow, Douglas Wharf—Douglas & Co.

Anshing, Chinese steamer, 1,842 tons, Captain O. Backe, from Canton, C. M. S. N.'s Wharf—C. M. S. N. & Co.

will arrive here on Friday, and will berth at the Kowloon Wharf.

She comes from Japan, and will sail for Manila, Australia and New Zealand (via Thursday Island—due Thursday Island, December 10) on Saturday, November 28.

Registered articles will be received at the General Post Office up to 5.00 p.m., while letters of destination will be received up to 5.30 p.m. on Friday, November 27.

S.S. "TOKIWA MARU"
The S.S. "Tokiwa Maru" of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha Line is due here on Friday, Nov. 27, and will berth at one of the Harbour Buoys.

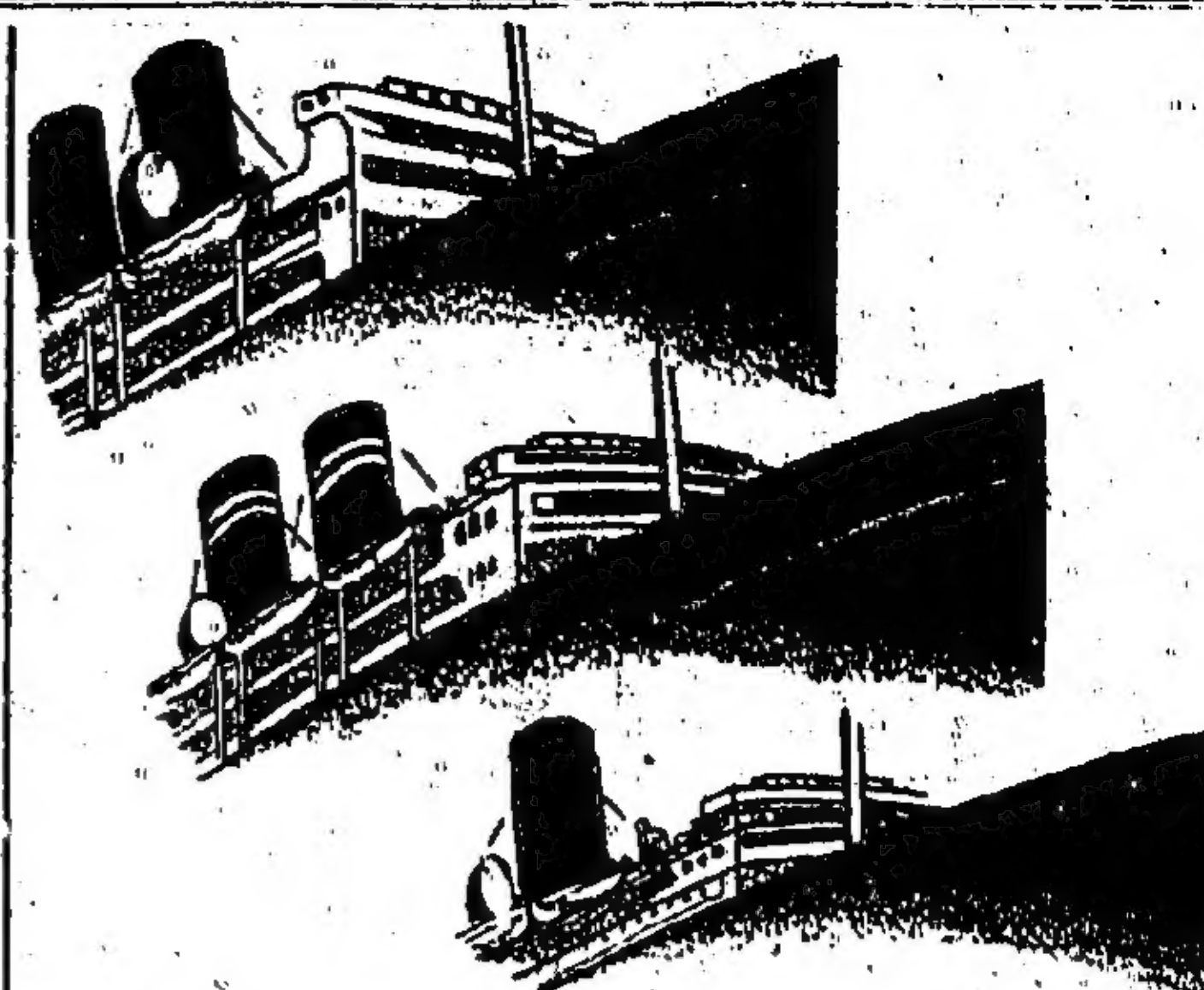
She comes from Japan, and will leave here for Bombay (via Singapore, Penang and Colombo) on Saturday, November 28.

R.M.S. "EMPERESS OF CANADA"
The R.M.S. "Empress of Canada" of the Canadian Pacific Steamships, Limited left Yokohama on Friday, November 20 at 6.00 a.m. for Honolulu, and will leave Honolulu on Friday, November 27.

She is due at Vancouver on Wednesday, December 2, and will leave Vancouver on Saturday, December 12.

She is due at Hong Kong on Friday morning, January 1.

M.S. "TOURCOING"
The Norwegian M.S. "Tourcoing" of Thorsen & Co. Limited is due here to-day, and will clear for Oslo (via Singapore and ports) the same day.



P. & O. BRITISH INDIA-APCAR AND EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES

MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS

TAKING CARGO FOR

Straits, Java, Burma, Ceylon, Australia, Red Sea, Egypt, India, Persian Gulf, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Istanbul, Greece, Levantine Ports, Europe.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY

DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route, and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
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PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL SAILINGS

†NALDERA	18,000	28th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
†BURDWAN	9,000	5th Dec.	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam & Antwerp
†JYPORE	6,000	9th Dec.	Bombay, Karachi & Persian Gulf
BANCHI	17,000	13th Dec.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
†COMORIN	15,000	26th Dec.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
†SOMALI	7,000	2nd Jan.	Bombay, Marseilles, Havre, London, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam & Antwerp
†RAJPUTANA	17,000	9th Jan.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
RANPURA	17,000	23rd Jan.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
†BANGALORE	6,000	30th Jan.	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam & Hull
RAWALPINDI	17,000	6th Feb.	Marseilles & London
†CORFU	14,500	20th Feb.	do
†BHUTAN	6,000	27th Feb.	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam & Hull
NALDERA	18,000	6th Mar.	Bombay, Marseilles & London

* Cargo only. † Calls Casablanca. ‡ Calls Tangier.

All vessels may call at Malta.

Frequent connection from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Istanbul, Piraeus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

TILAWA	10,000	5th Dec.	Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta
SANTHA	8,000	19th Dec.	
TALAMBA	8,000	2nd Jan.	
TALMA	10,000	15th Jan.	
SIRDHANA	8,000	30th Jan.	



Now is the time to visit
Australia & New Zealand

lands of Sunshine and Romance. "Down Under" you will feel a new being and even if you are not inclined towards Surfing, Fishing, Shooting or Mountaineering you will find that the Antipodes have plenty to offer you—including 500,000,000 for your pocket.

On the way down your life aboard will be as you wish, quiet or hectic for the E. & A. will house you every whim.

And by the way, there is no additional charge for Deck Cabins and there is of course a Sun Deck, swimming pool, an Orchestra and a fine laundry.

A Surgeon and Stewardess are at your disposal, and last but not least—we had almost forgotten—the cuisine will set on a waiting regally for the Grog.

Regular monthly sailings from Hong Kong to Shanghai and Japan and Hong Kong to Australia.

Hong Kong to Sydney—10 days.
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